Cleanup by 70-foot-deep LDA Vertical Excavation:

Design, Methods, and Safety, plus Vapor Ignition Control, Contaminant Monitoring, and Fast-tracked Data Evaluation for Dig Limit Refinements

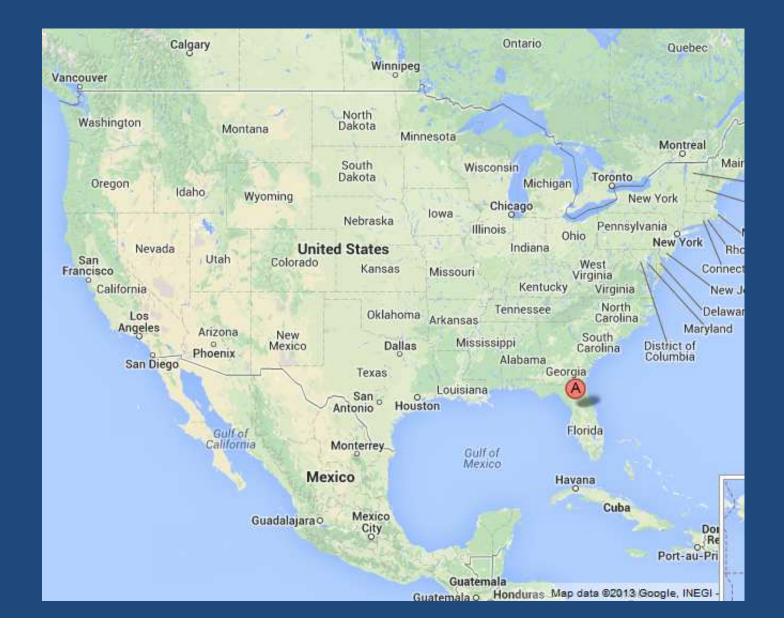
- Paco Amram, P.E., LEED AP
- Environmental Consulting & Technology, Inc. (ECT)
- 1408 North Westshore Boulevard., Suite 115
- Tampa, Florida 33607
- 813-289-9338, cell 813-503-6319
- <u>pamram@ectinc.com</u>

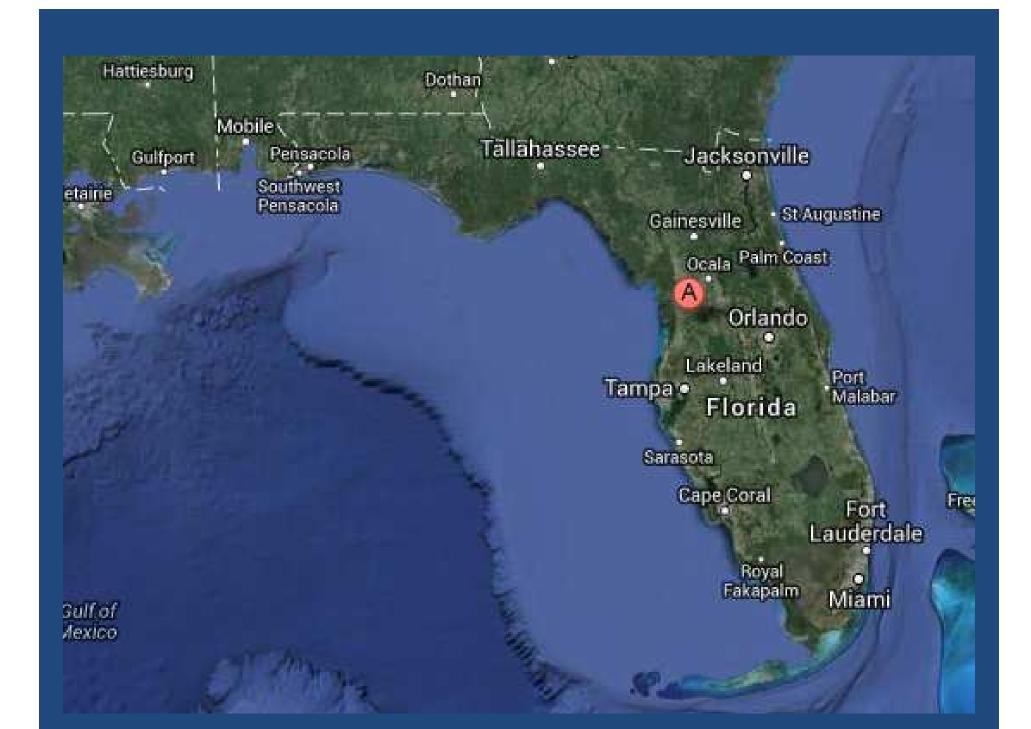


LDA Excavation Cleanup

- 1. Problem Site
- 2. LDA Drilling?
- 3. Set Up
- 4. Design, Options
- 5. Specs, Methods
- 6. Safety
- 7. Fire in the Hole!
- 8. Work Plan
- 9. Monitoring, Quick Evaluations, Reporting

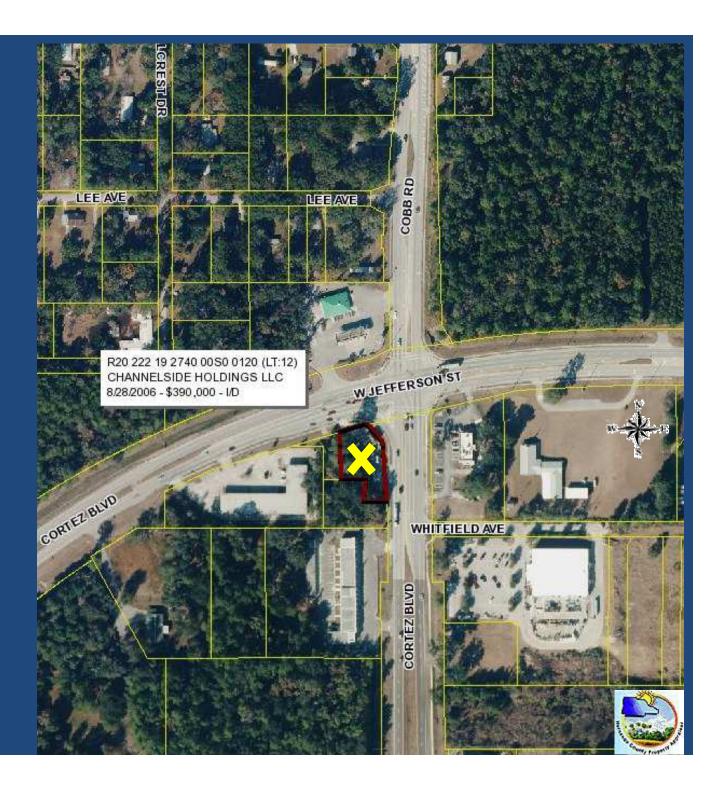
Presto 17 Site

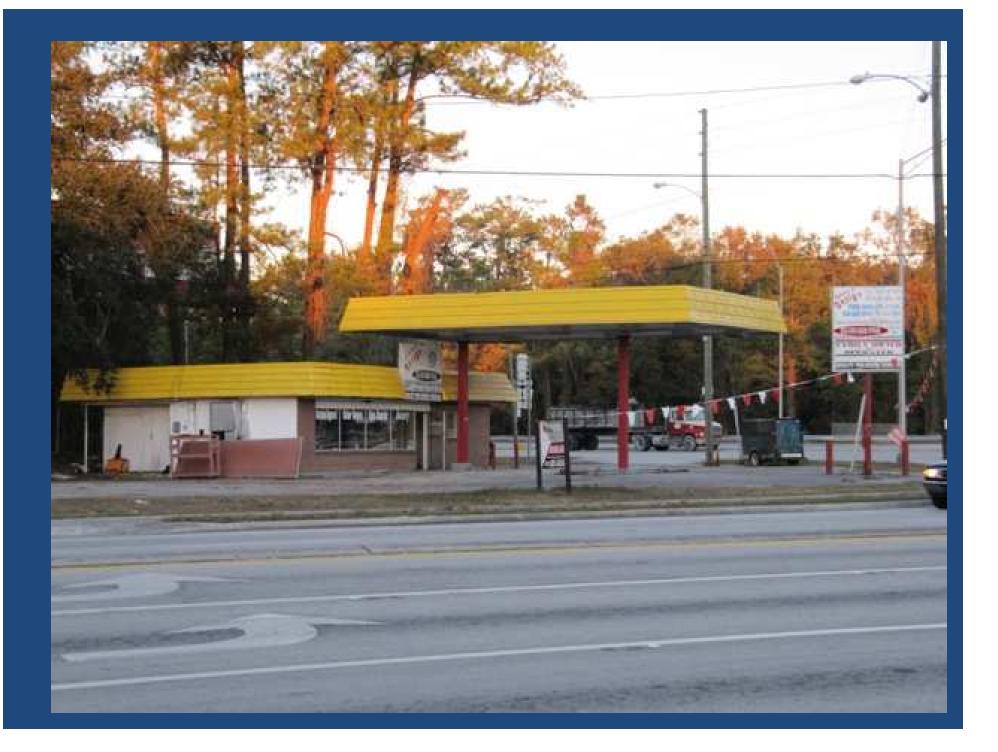




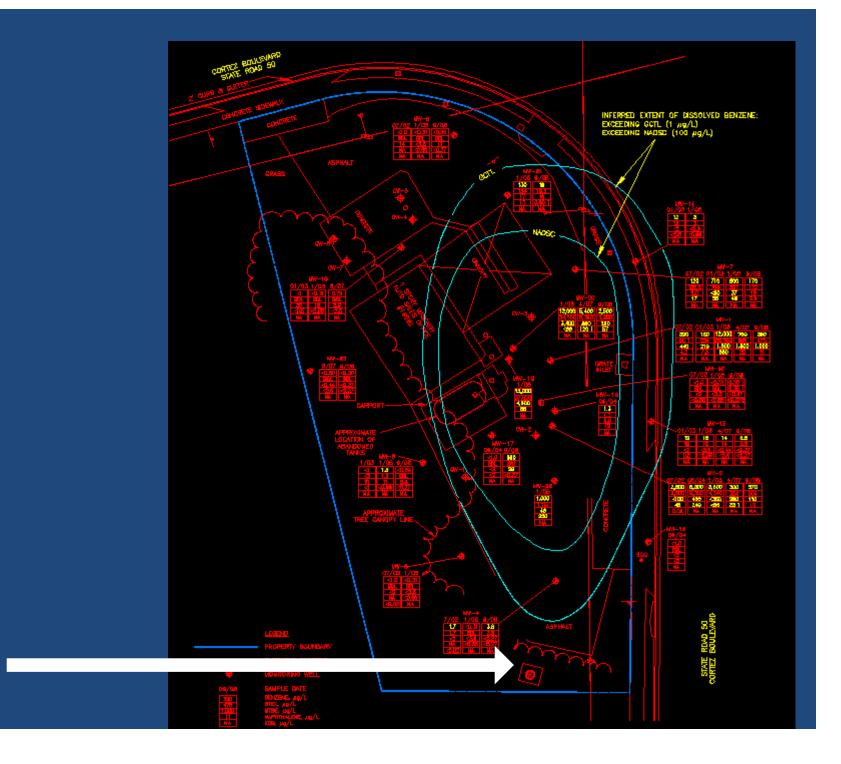
State Cleanup Funds

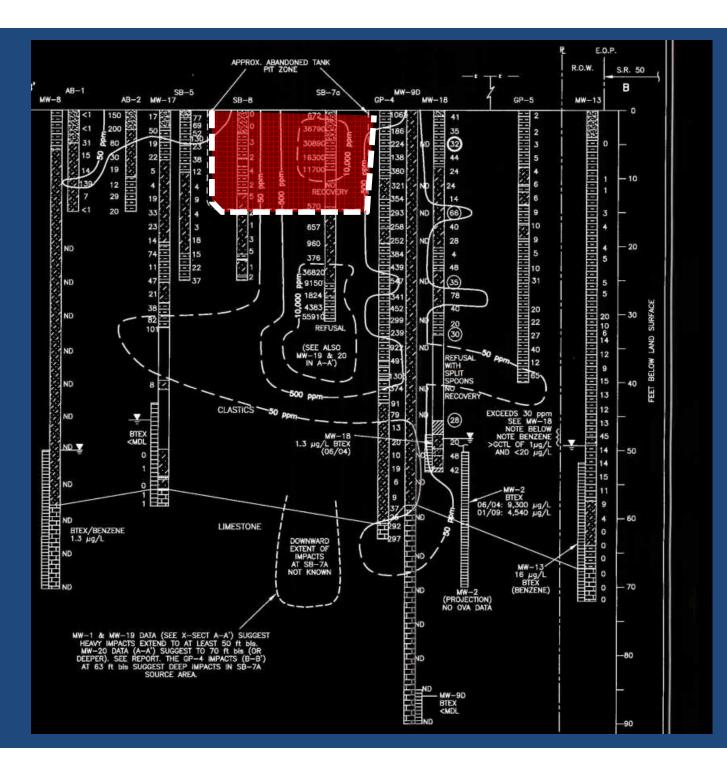
• *"Imminent Threat"*

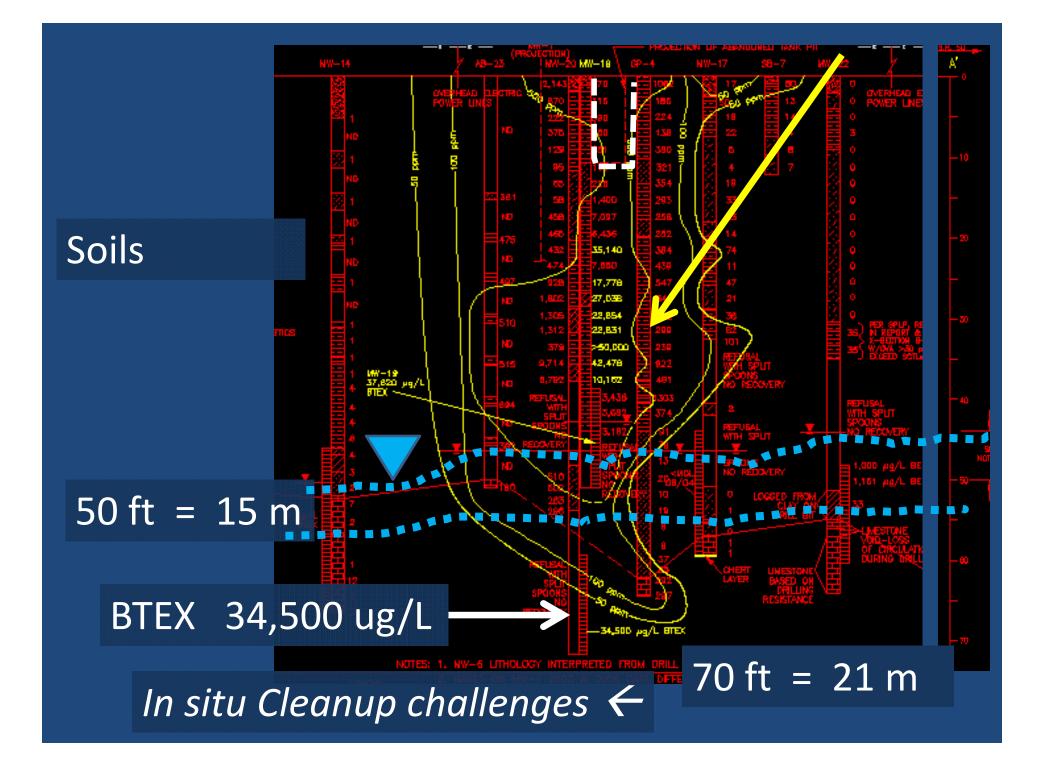




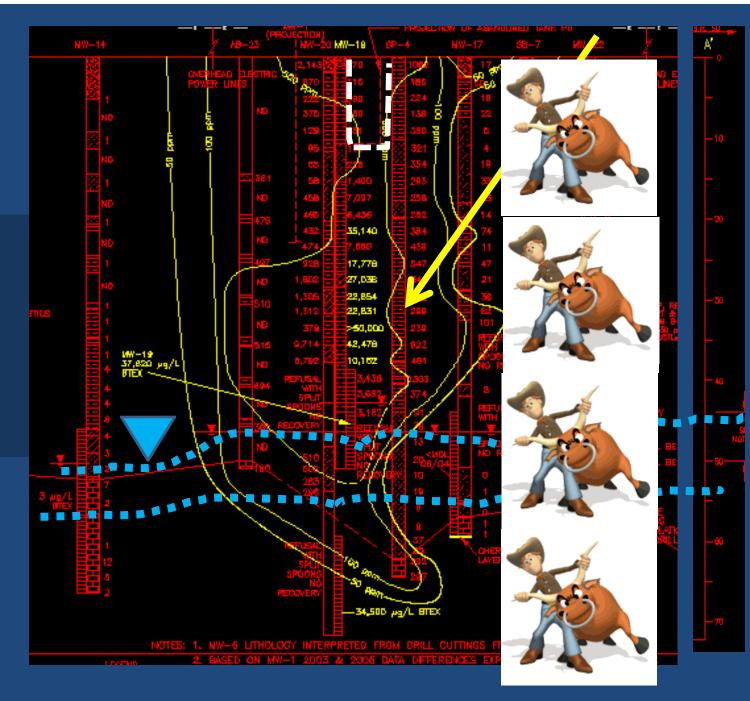






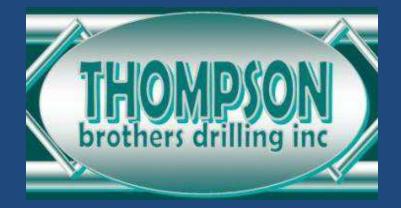


10 Texans Tall



"Can we dig it?" "Yes, we can!", Bob the Builder, 2003 Large-diameter Auger (LDA) 1 to 10-feet diameter (3 m)

>200 feet deep (> 60 m)







http://www.thompsonbrothersdrilling. com/auger.html



Soil Auger

Rock Auger

Drilling Bucket



Go to: <u>www.osha.gov/dcsp/alliances/adsc/adsc_20050222_final.html</u>



Go to: <u>www.osha.gov/dcsp/alliances/adsc/adsc 20050222 final.html</u>



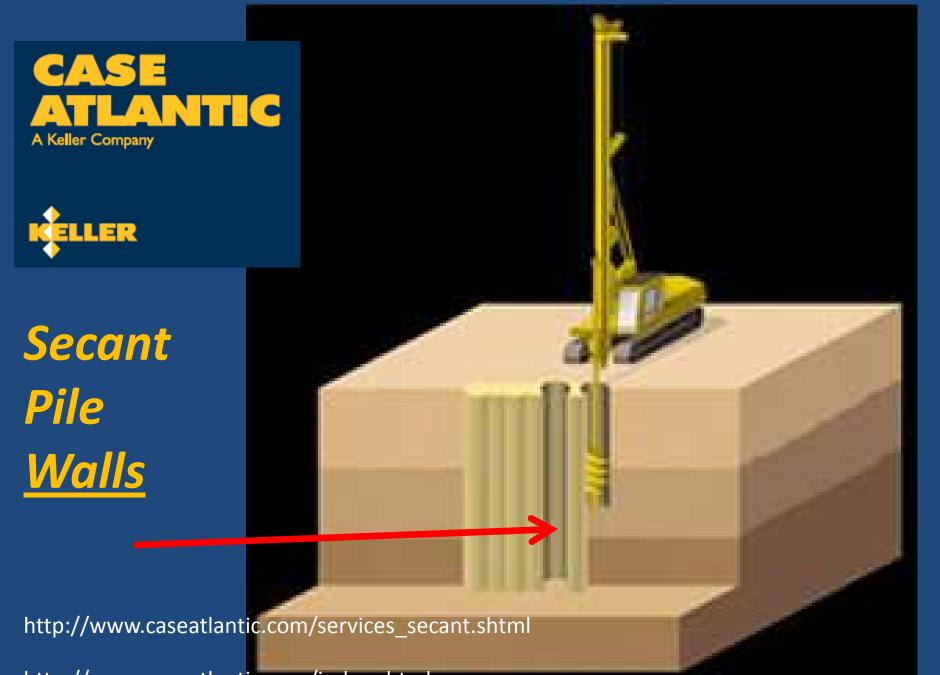
Tremmie concrete









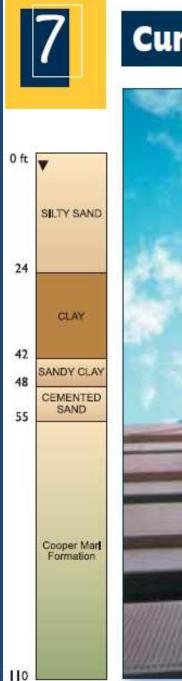


http://www.caseatlantic.com/index.shtml

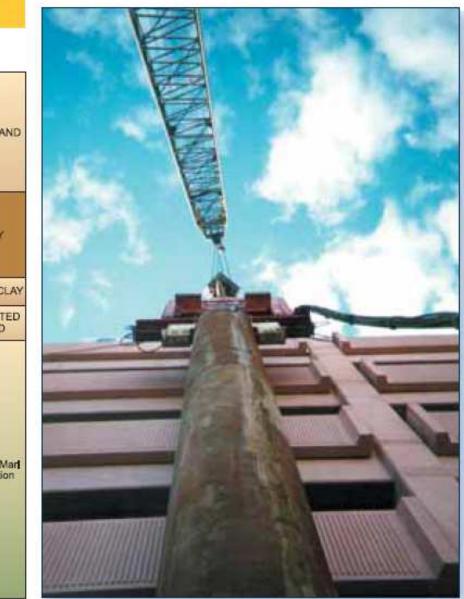




http://www.caseatlanti c.com/Downloads/CASE %20ATL%20Drilled%20S haft%20Broch%20R1-8-09.pdf



Cumberland Street Parking





CFA –

http://www.bauerfoundations.com /en/index.html

http://www.bauerfoundations.com /shared/_content/bst/broschueren _flippingbook/en/Imagebrochure/i ndex.html





Multi-rig production



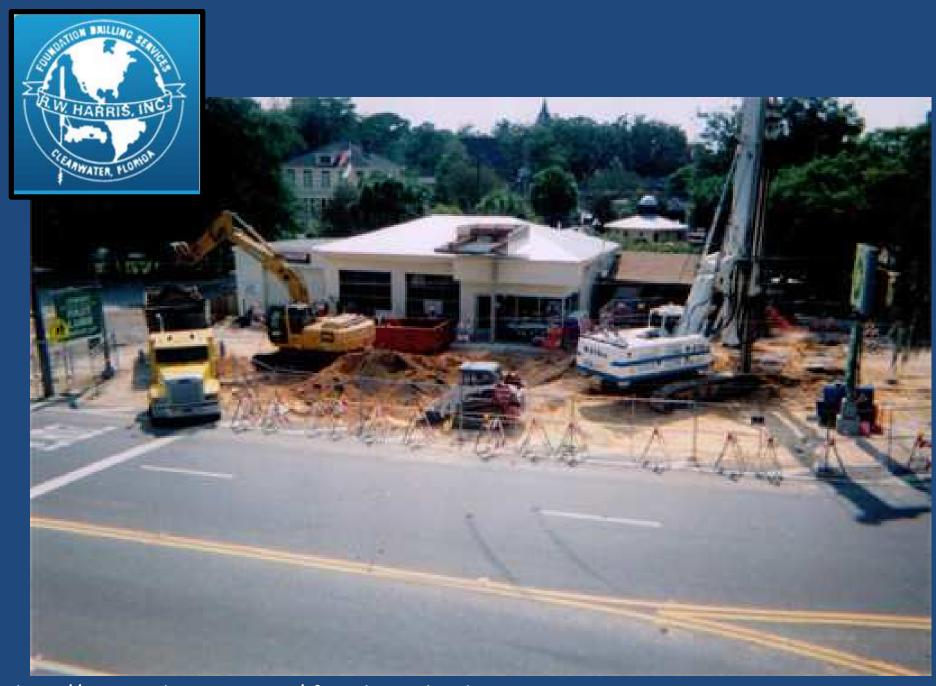
http://www.bauerfoundations.com/en/index.html



Cleanup AND / or Build watertight stuff



Accurate and water-tight: For a large-scale sewage treatment plant between the Buda and Pest districts of the city of Budapest, Bauer Spezialtiefbau constructed four water-tight circular shafts as the start and end locations for tunnel bore machines.



http://www.rwharrisinc.com/tfoundation.html

<u>Open Excavation:</u> Large, at only 15-ft deep

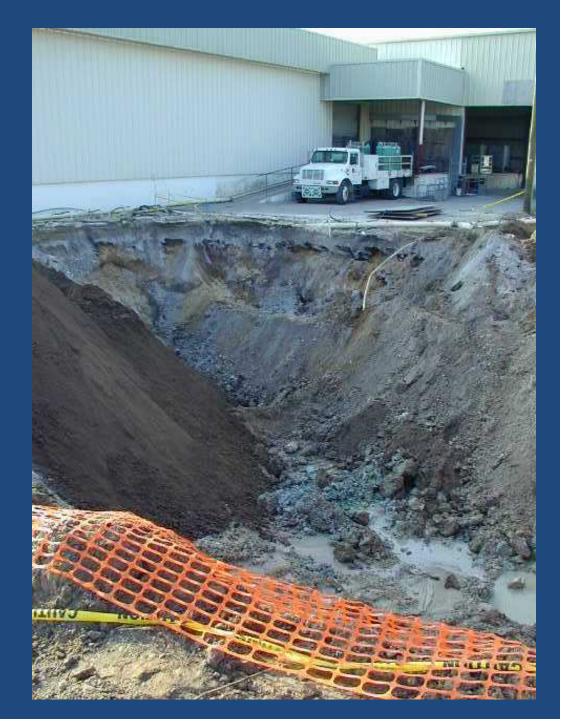
Dewatering, Treatment

Open Pit hazards

Exposed soil Emissions → PPE, \$\$\$ → neighbors

Access for incremental additions challenging





LDA

- Controlled dig: 1 Small*, securable borehole
- Low-vibration piling for structures
- Containment ~= Slurry Wall
- Varied Depths
- Scalable and "increment-able"

* small, but deep and also dangerous

LDA Auger-cast piles or Secant Pile Wall by highway

20

œ

,C

6.03

64

CC MIL

131A4

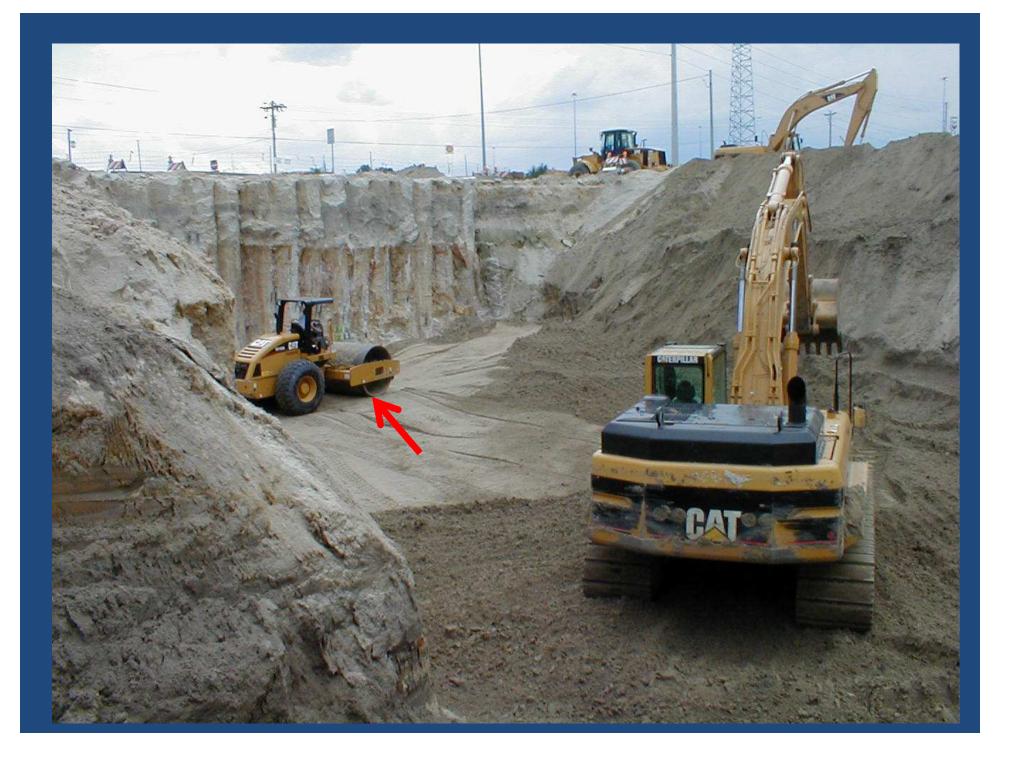
10)

Structural P.E. plan

May &

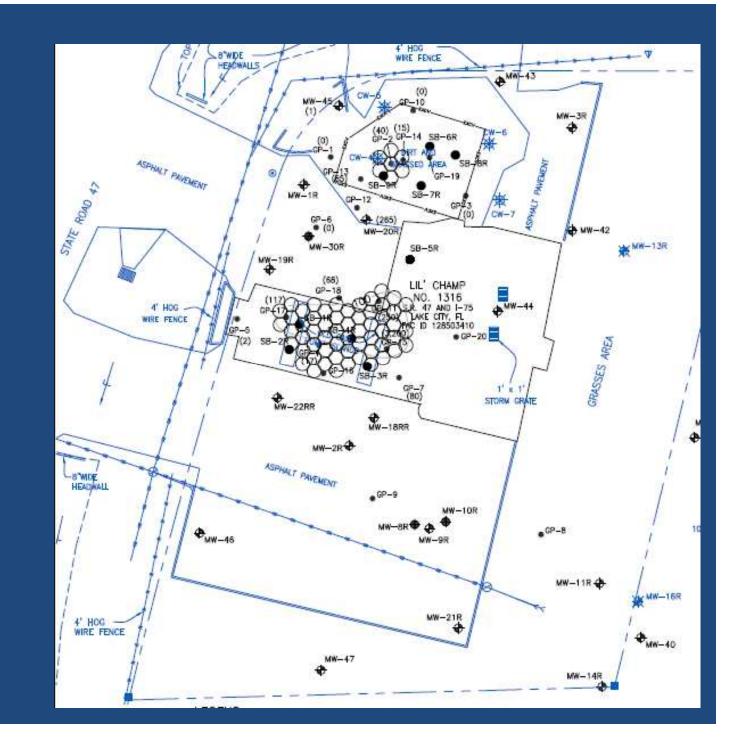
Conventional Dig





LDA-only Dig

...







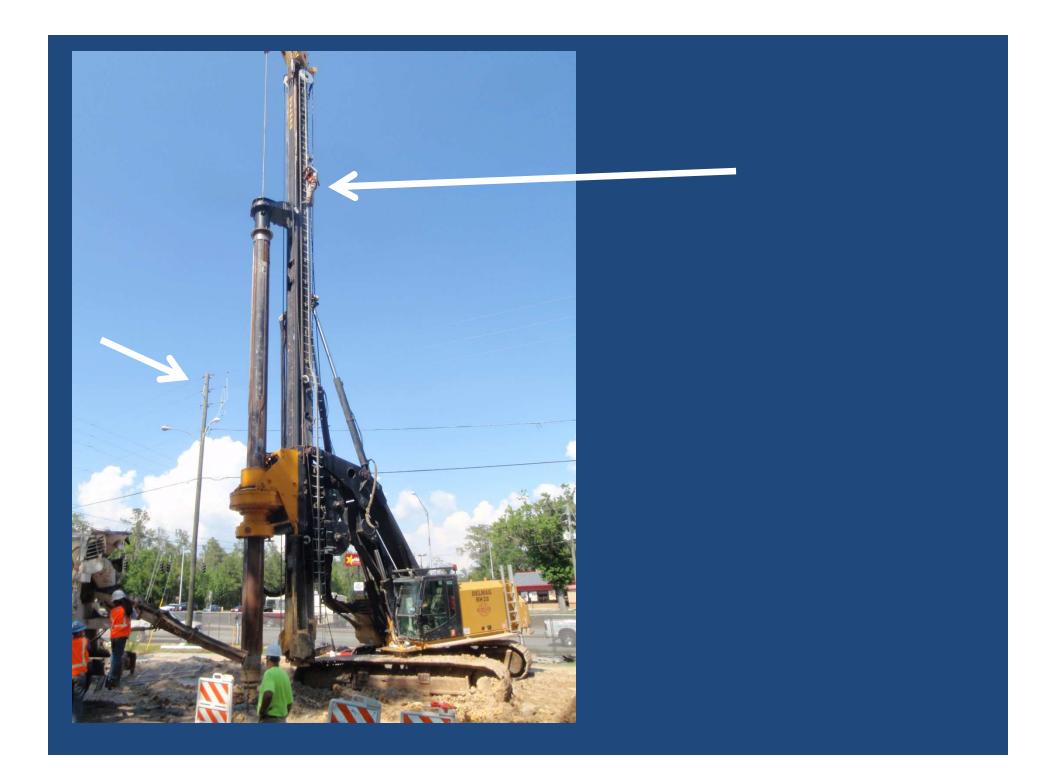
Presto 17 Site – Set Up

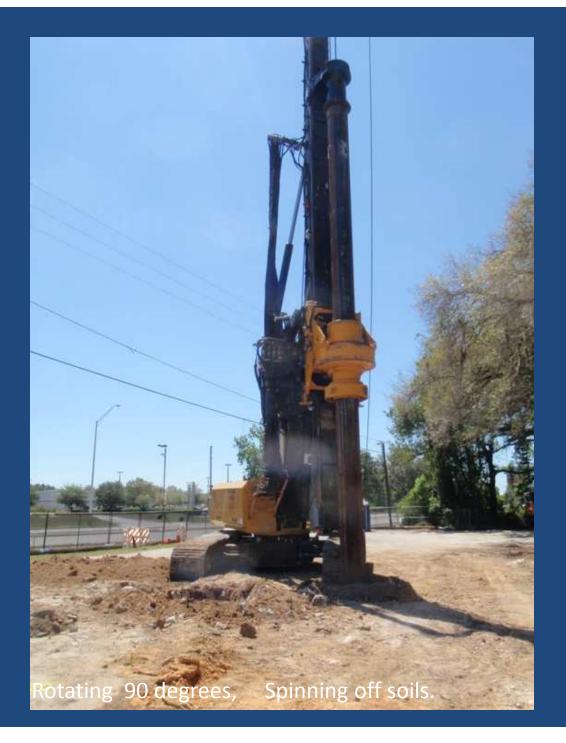




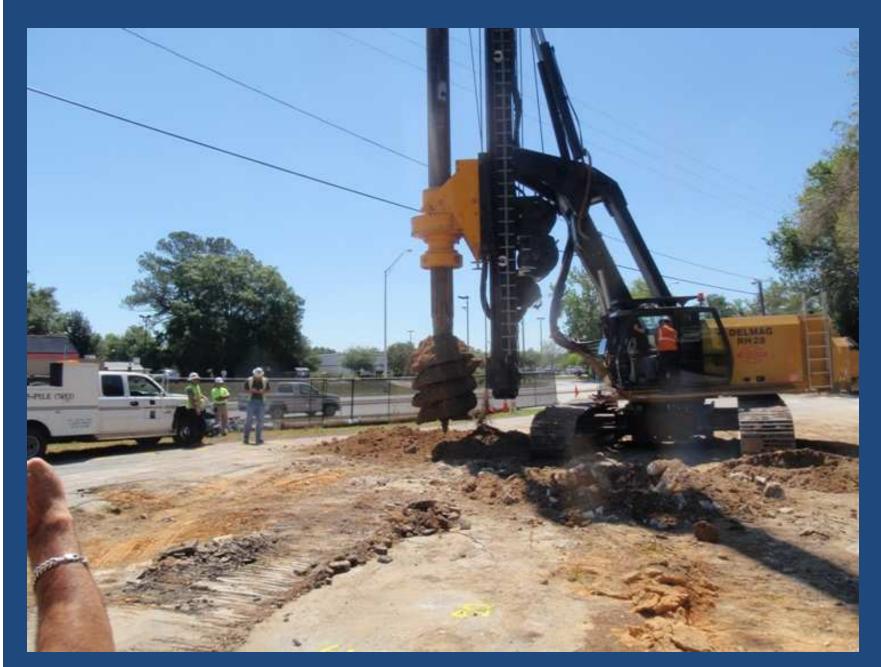






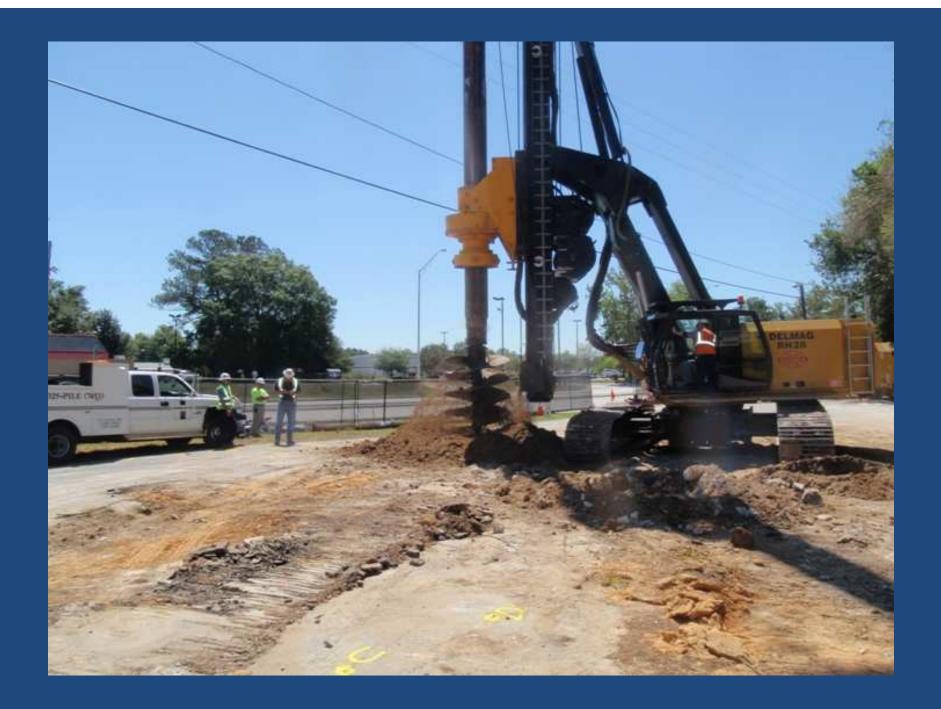


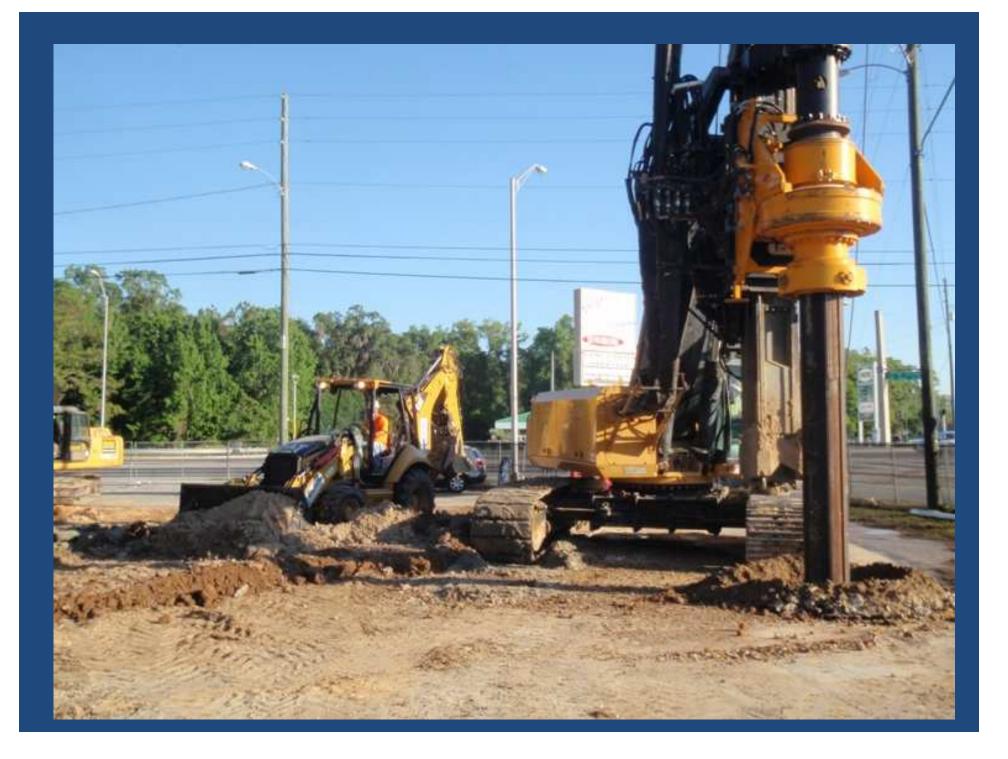
Drilling 1st hole,



Rotating 90 degrees,









Presto 17 Site - DESIGN

1. Assessment, Cleanup Goals, Extents

2. Prelim. Design

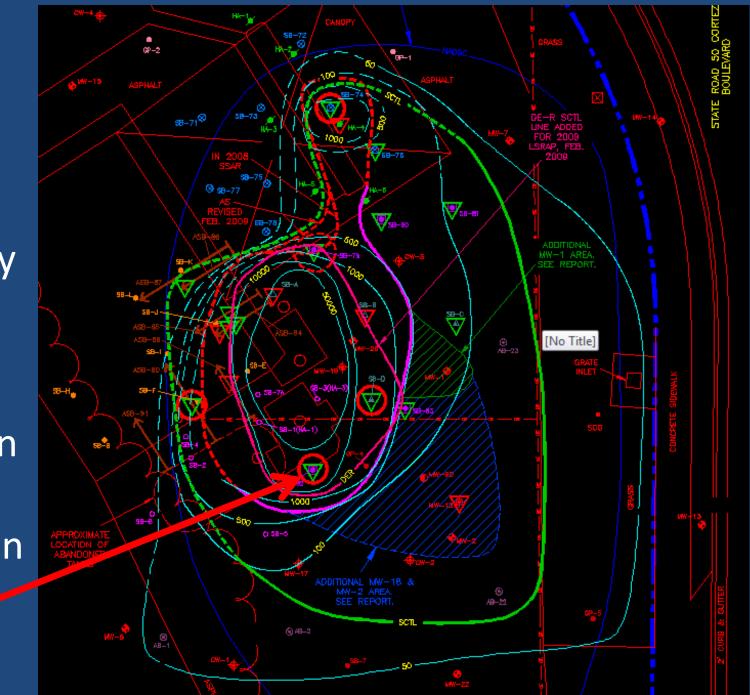
3. \$\$\$

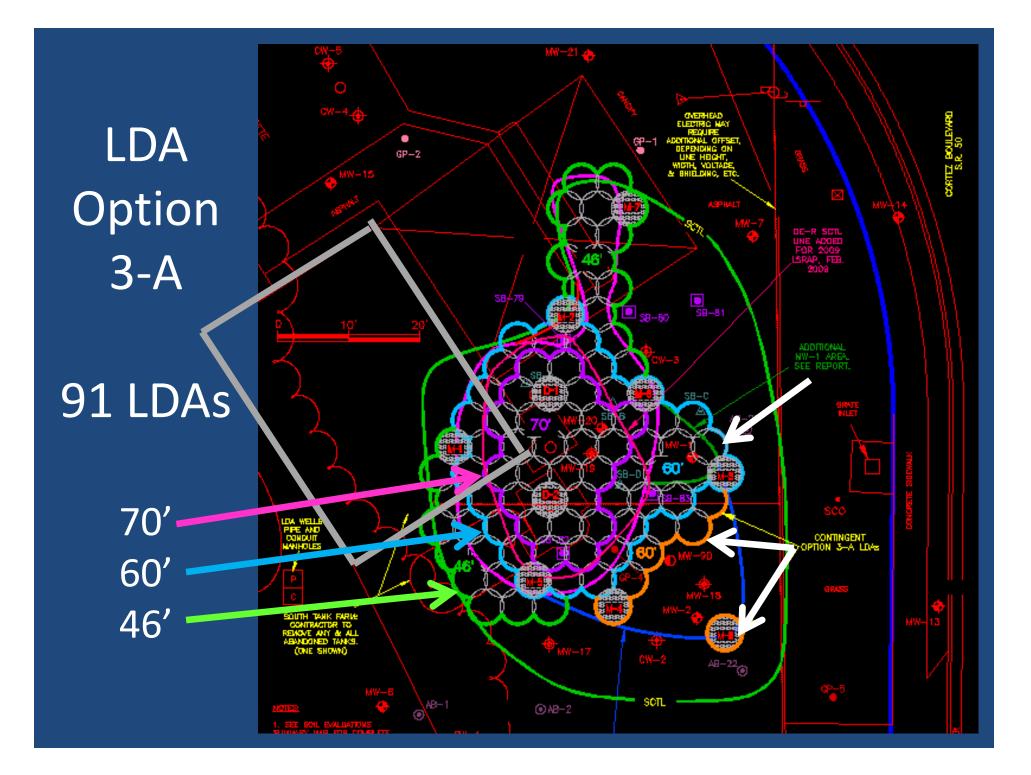
4. Subsurface \rightarrow Iterations \rightarrow \$\$\$ Accuracy

SSAR

Spatial Variability

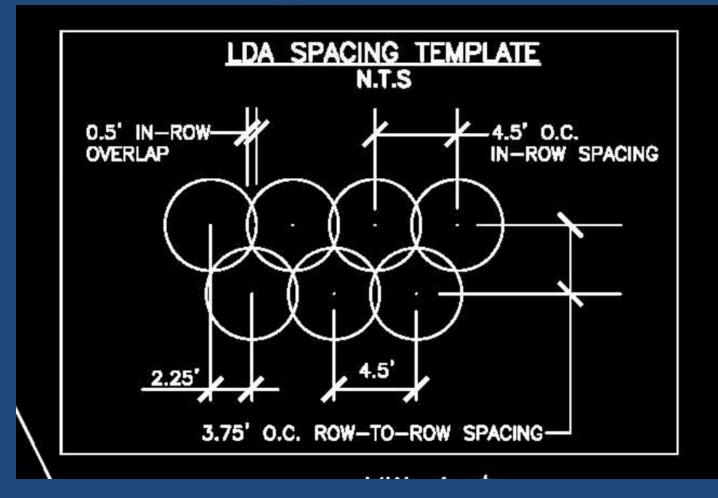
Data Compilation & Evaluation Map



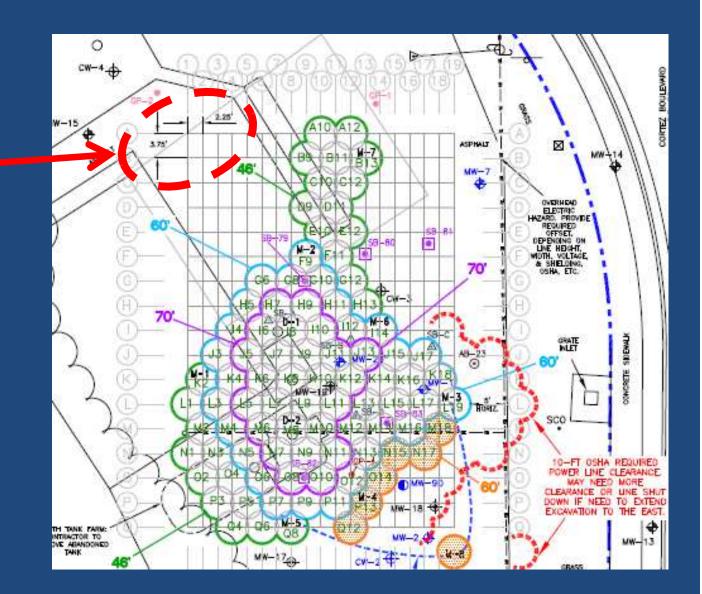


RAP 2 - LDA Option:	3-A	4
LDAs	91	105
Soil T&D, CY	4,627	5,452
Soil T&D, Tons	6,940	8,178
Capital Cost	\$1.8 M	\$2.1 M
Cost / CY (estimated)	\$391	\$381
Cost / Ton (estimimated)	\$261	\$254
Reliability, Effectiveness	Medium	High
Recommendation	Minimum +	Recommended
Capital Cost Vs. RAP 2 Option 3:	6%	21%

→ Coverage!
 → Without Overage \$\$



Surveyor Grid



Check!

Staked out \rightarrow Dig Control





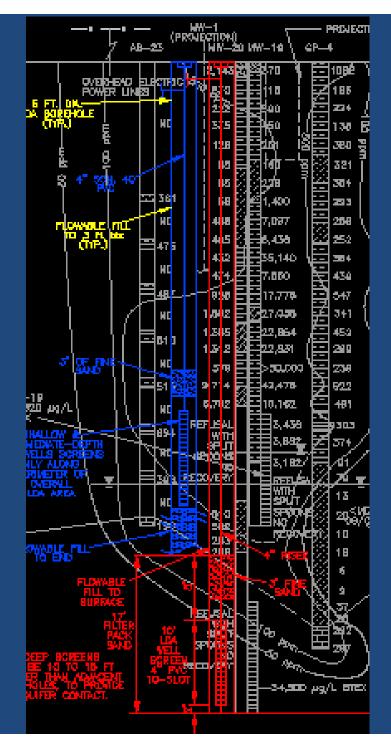


• Measure Twice! Cut Once.

→ Prevented Tracking Nightmares

Design Option:

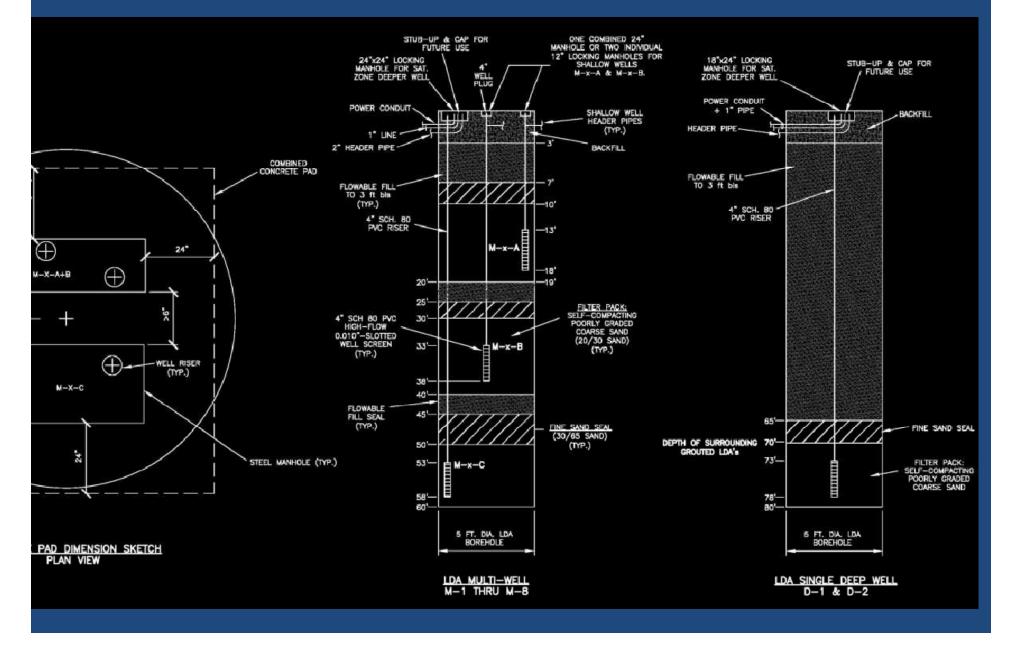
LDA Wells



(Drillers: "Not typical." So state chose NOT to fund that for this site.



Multi-level or Deep Wells



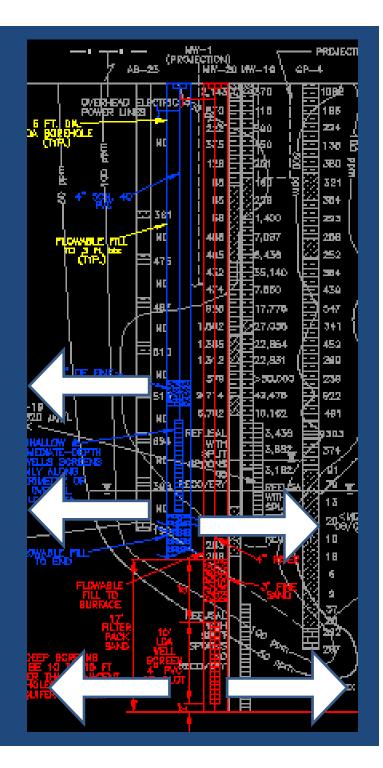
Design Option:

Downhole Treatments:

Chemical or Biological

Aquifer Contact!

(State chose NOT to fund that for this site)



Design:



Backfill & COMPACTION

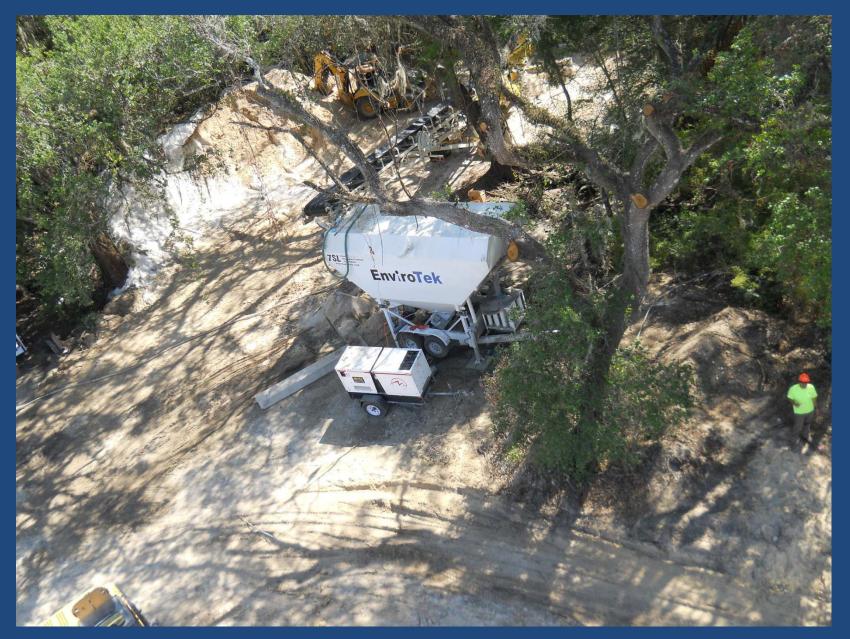


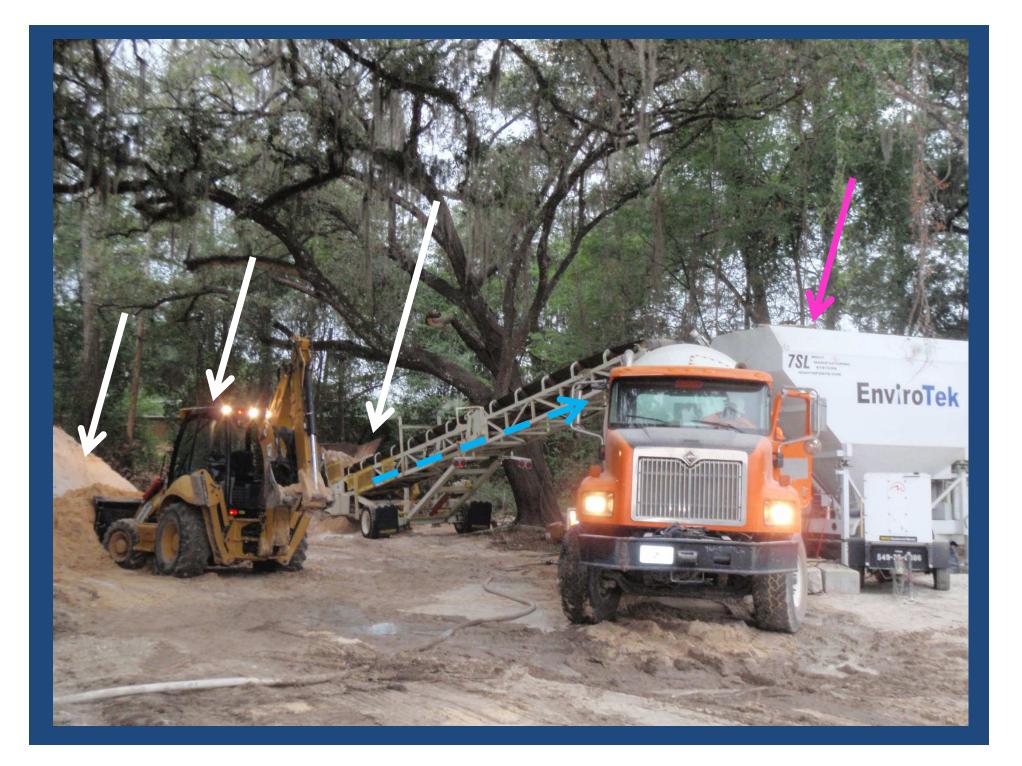
Flowable Fill[®]

- Self compacting!
- Excavatable Concrete
- 75 175 psi vs. 3,500 psi
- Specs.
- Accelerators
- CMT Flow cone test, etc.



On-site Concrete Batch Plant



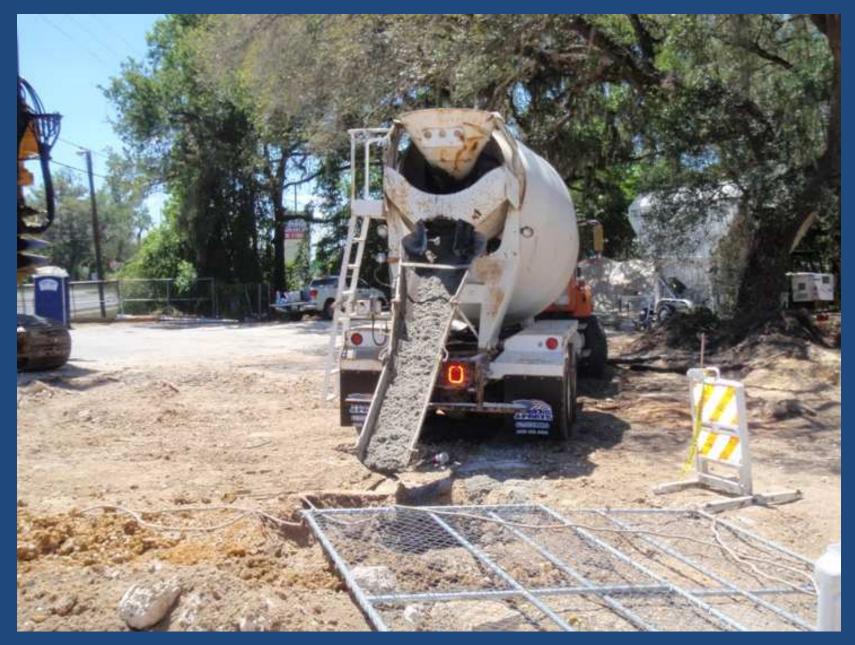




Onsite Concrete Truck



Flowable Fill[®]



Flowable Fill[®]

"Drill 'n Fill"





Design \rightarrow Specs

- RAP + Addenda = "TMI" → Plans / Specs
- Geotech Engr: casing, mud
- Structural PE: LDA Walls or Pilings
- ACI 336.1-01 "Drilled Piers"
- Flowable Fill[®] specs FDOT and NRMCA

ACI 336.1-01

Specification for the Construction of Drilled Piers

Section 3-Execution, p. 336.1-5

- 3.1-Tolerances
- 3.2-Dry method
- 3.3-Steel casing and liner
- 3.4-Reinforcing steel
- 3.5-Concrete
- 3.6-Casing withdrawal
- 3.7-Slurry displacement method
- 3.8-Placement of anchorage embedments

Specs: Standards of Practice



Civil Eng'r & Construction Industry

Versus



Environmental

Industry practice = "Casing, Mud, Tremmie, ..." or

"Numerous LDA digs without"

→ Terzaghi's "Observational Method"

LDA
Design
Safety
Work Plans
Data Plans

HAZARDS

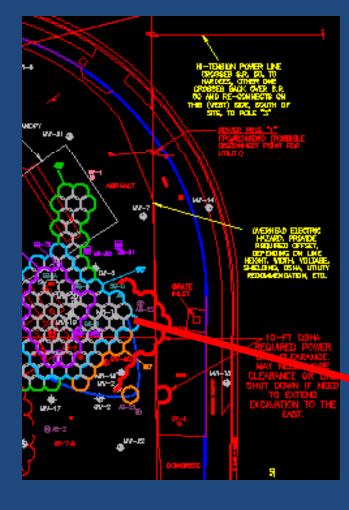
- Traffic, Power Lines, Utilities
- Workers, truckers/visitors
- Cement dust

- Downhole fall, low O₂
- Collapse
- Sinkhole
- Rig topple
- Vapor Ignition

Safety Plan Summary -1-page outline topics

- See Safety Map with Hole Clearances
- NO OPEN BOREHOLE without the mesh, except *actively* DRILLING.
- Measure depths: Run Tape over long pipe across hole.
- Screen soils from Spoil Pile zone, away from Hole.
- Screen ambient air OVA, LEL, Dreagger Tubes
- If need Respirators

Power Line Clearance or → de-energized! (not yet summer ⓒ)

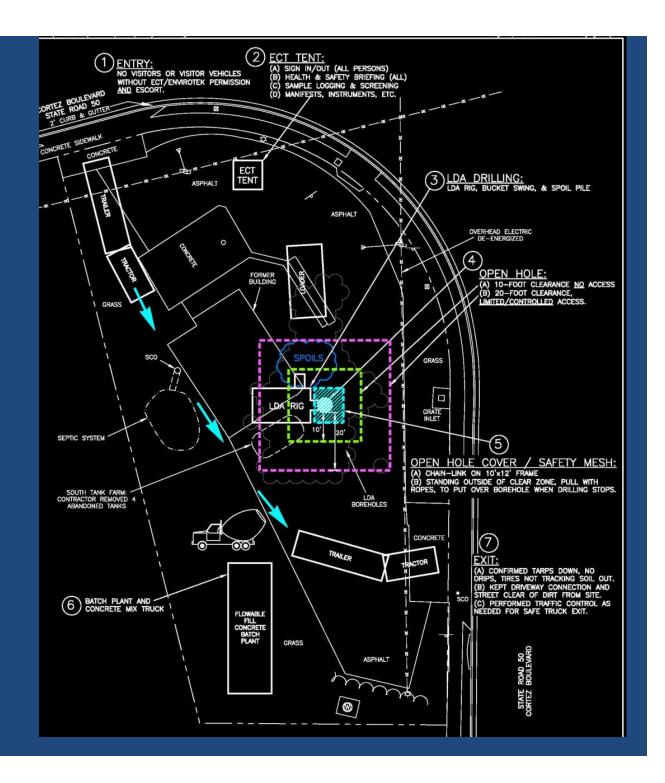




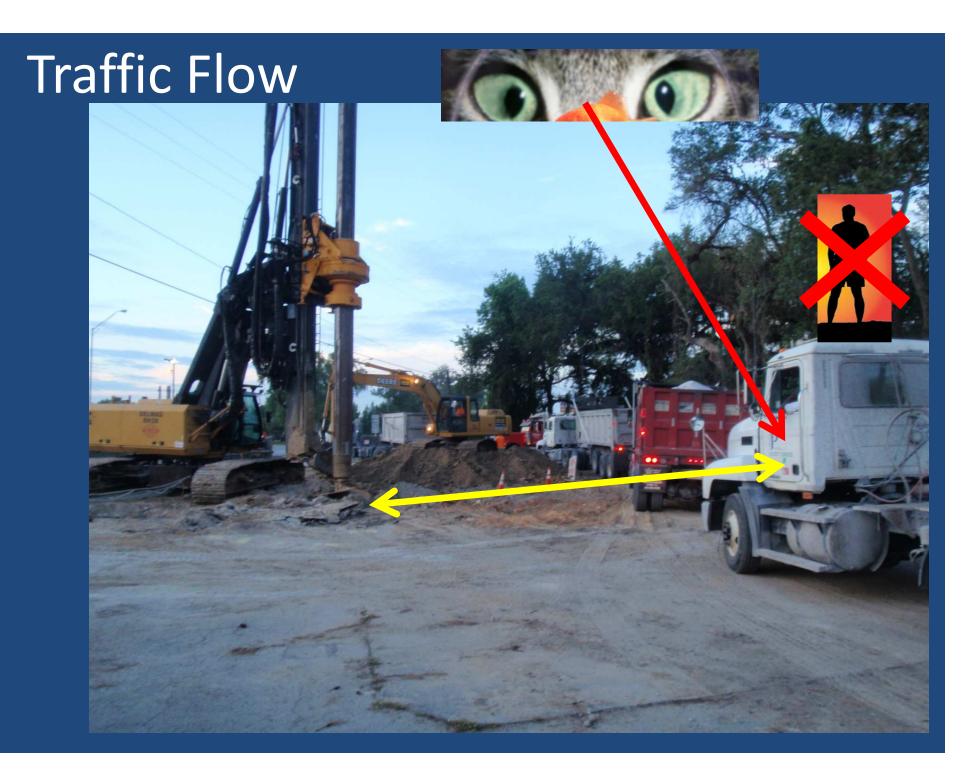
Safety Zones

&

Work Flow





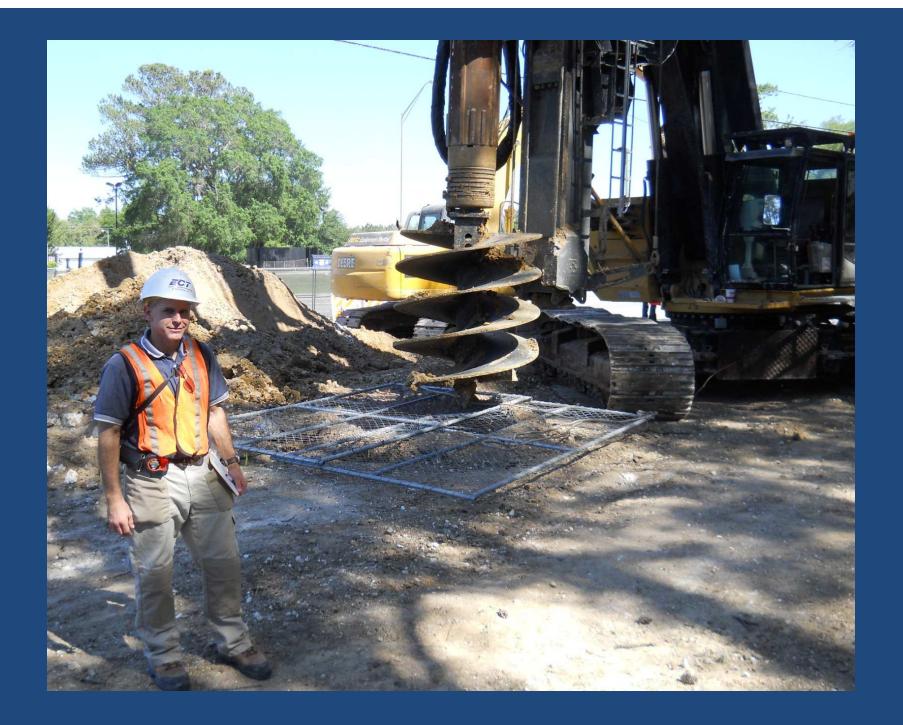


Borehole Cover...



...& Clearance!





Safety References

Go to: <u>www.osha.gov/dcsp/alliances/adsc/adsc 20050222 final.html</u>

DRILLED SHAFT INSTALLATION SAFETY

AN ADSC / OSHA ALLIANCE PRODUCT

Methods of Fall Protection

RECOMMENDED PROCEDURES FOR FALL PROTECTION IN SHAFT EXCAVATION OPERATIONS

Copyright 2004

Prepared 5

ADSC: The International Association of Foundation Oriling

Bafety Committee

The ADSC has procedures in place to minimize fall hazards on a drilled shaft project

These procedures compliment the OSHA standards found in CFR1926 Subpart M



Go to: www.osha.gov/dcsp/alliances/adsc/adsc 20050222 final.html

Methods of Fall Protection

Personal Fall Protection

Guardrail System



Go to: www.osha.gov/dcsp/alliances/adsc/adsc 20050222 final.html

Fill

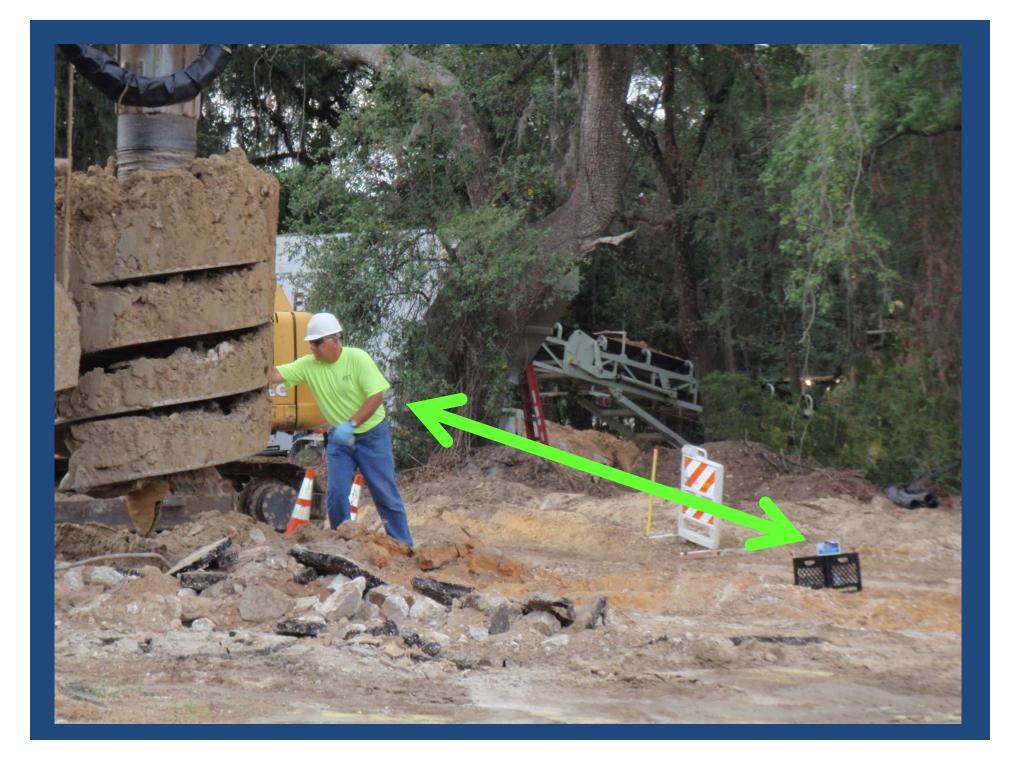




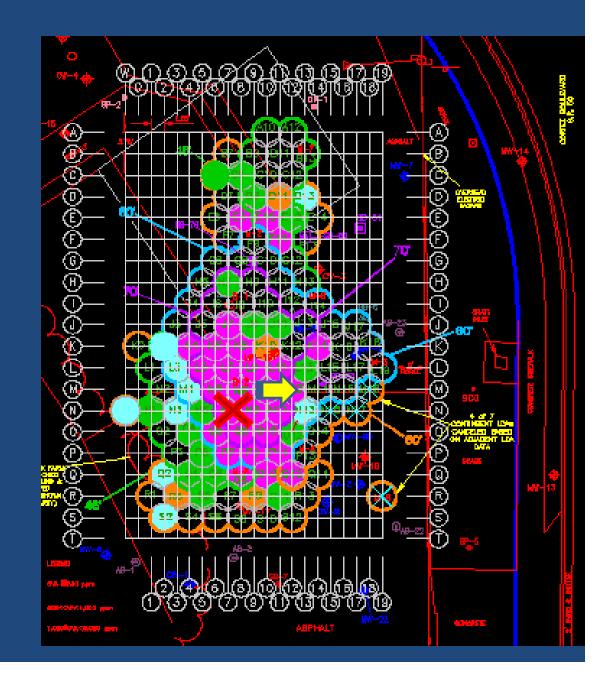
Go to: <u>www.osha.gov/dcsp/alliances/adsc/adsc 20050222 final.html</u>

Measuring: Push long pipe across hole





Fire in the hole!



Downhole Vapor Ignition Options:

- Avoid Hot Zone
- Foams
- Inerting: Liquid Nitrogen, CO2 (dry ice)
- Over-the-borehole ventilation
- Downhole Ventilation
- Sequence Holes

Vapor Control – basic science:

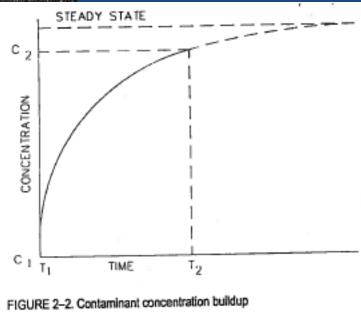
INDUSTRIAL VENTILATION

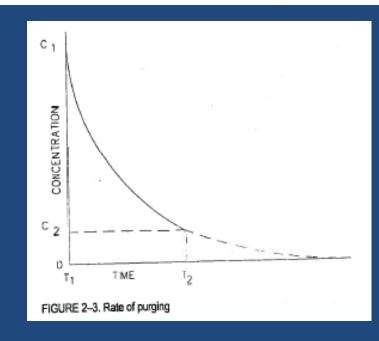
A Manual of Recommended Practice

23rd Edition



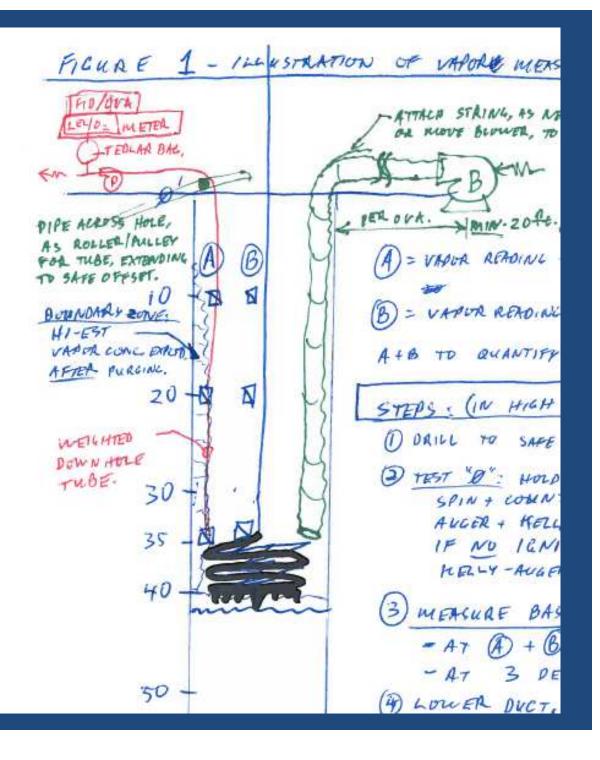






Vapor Measurement & Purging

Setup & Procedure





Stiff HPDE Drain Tube

Weighted Vapor Sampling Tube



LDA Vapor Measurement and Purging



LDA Purging Results: Worked fast!

		AIR			OPEN		
BORING	TIME	SAMPLE	LEL %	O 2 %	HOLE	SOIL	
NO.		DEPTH			OVA	OVA	COMMENTS
		(feet)			(ppm)	(ppm)	
M-8	10:30	10	39%	19.2%	F.O.	>50,000	Pre-Purge
		20	0%	20.9%	99	>50,000	Downhole Air
		30	100%	19.2%	72	>50,000	and auger soil samples
		45	100%	17.8%	65	508	
							Deploy Vent Ducting,
	11:00						Start Blower
	11:02	45	44%	20.0%	5,600		
	11:04	45	14%	20.4%	1,922		
	11:07	45	40%	20.9%	445		
	11:09	45	0%	20.9%	468		
	11:10	45					Stop Blower
	11:12	45	23%	20.9%	7,346		
	11:14	45	45%	20.9%	42,386		
	11:16	45	51%	20.8%	34,770		
	11:18	45					Start Blower
	11:22	45	1%	20.9%	421		
	11:24	45	2%	20.9%	344		
	11:26	45	0%	20.9%	223		
	11:28					Stop B	ower Pull Air Sample Tubing
	11:32						Pull Vent Ducting, Restart LDA
	11:39	50	39%	20.9%	10,140	626	

Design
Safety
Work Plans
Data Plans

"What you Expect:



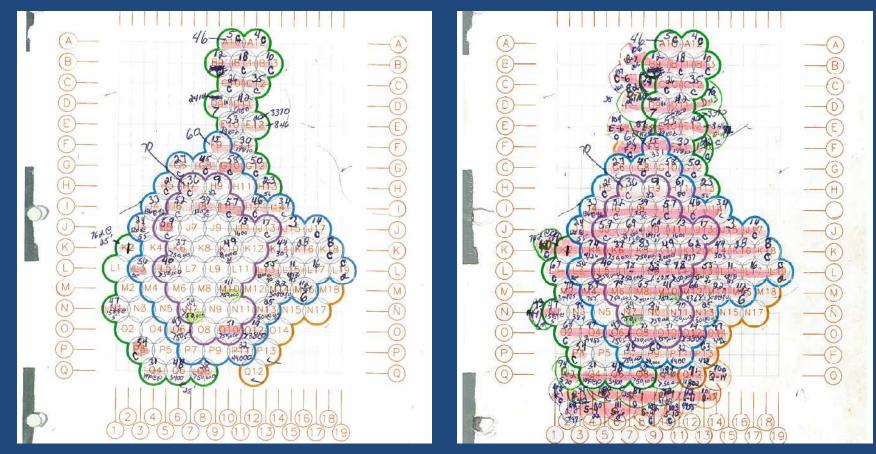
and Inspect!"

Work Plan <u>Summary</u> -

- RAP, Specs → 2-page outline
- Goals & Scope → "same page"
- Map, Monitor, Track...
- Repeat! → Systematize!
- End of Day: Closeout & Summary

Design
Safety
Work Plans
Data Mgt., Eval., Reporting

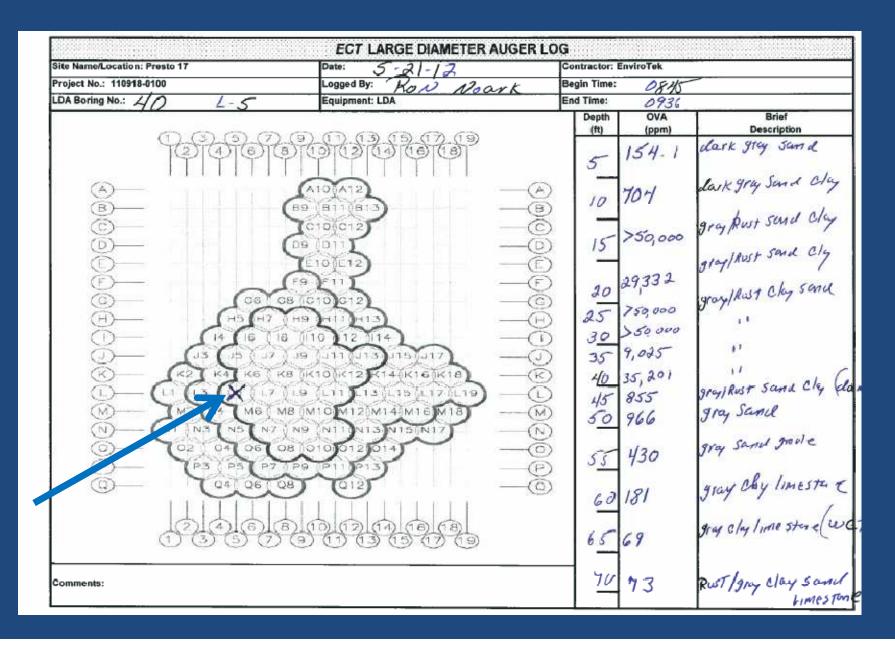
LDA Progress Map



HOLE	HOLE		YDS	TIME	DATE	VERIFICATION		
	DIA/LENGTH	BATCH ID#				ECT	ENVIROTEK	
H9	1. hi		100	1226	5-1	alla	· Shi	
		2		1354	11	13 The life	Sel.	
		3	111	1436		The hope	- An	
	00/10	4	101y	1516		Ph &	die	
		5	280	1601	V	25K D	Salt	

Fill Log

LDA Log Form



Daily Status Report

(with emphasis added)

URGENT N	eeds:	None				
General Needs or I Contaminant extent (added				_		
Daily Production S	ummary:		Subtotals		Tota	ls =
LDA's						
Completed:	46-fters:		0		3	_LDA's
						CY,
	60-fters:	G-10	1		176	est.
	70-fters:	O-10, J-5	2			
		lf not, which				
by day's end?	? No	open?	J-5	Sec	cured	? Yes
		· · ·	J-5	Sec	<mark>cured</mark>	<mark>? Ye</mark> s
Contaminated Soil Lo out:	aded/Hauled		10	Truc	kloads	
			290	-	roximate	

Safety Problems / Issues:

Vapor mitigation measures attempted. Downhole ducting failed to perform and was unworkable. PA and RC devised alternate and submitted VCO to implement. Preparing/attempting next week.

Shutdowns:

At 07:05, the excavator was leaking. Excavator shut down for 3 1/2 two hours. Flowable fill batching and LDA continued, and excavator was repaired and functional before noon.

Day Summary:

Started O-10 on Wednesday, May 23rd and could only go to 40 ft bls. Completed O-10 today to 70 ft bls. At J-5, sloughing between 65 to 70 ft bls. Took multiple trips to get to 70 ft bls. Completed LDA at 69.5 ft bls.

Contamination Extent Issues / Lab Sampling:

ECT engineers and FDEP case mgr to review and authorize added borings needed.

Additional Details:

Fourteen loads of sand were delivered.

Soil Screening -- Typical per-Borehole table

BORING	DATE	DEPTH	SAMPLE		TOTAL	CARBON	NET	
NO.	COLLECTED	то	DEPTH	BKG	READING	FILTERED	READING	COMMENTS
		WATER	(feet)	(ppm)	(ppm)	(ppm)	(ppm)	
N-7	05/15/12		5		>3,857		>3857	
			10				Flame out	
			15		10,750		10,750	
			20		17,050		17,050	
			25				Flame out	
			30		19,190		19,190	
			35				Flame out	
			40		16,725		16,725	
			45		>50,000		>50,000	
			50		3,348		3,348	
			55				Flame out	Downhole ignition. Fill from M-8 flowed via void to M-12
			60		1,925		1,925	
			65					No sample, too wet
			70					No sample, too wet

Soil Vapor Data X-Section w/ Recos.

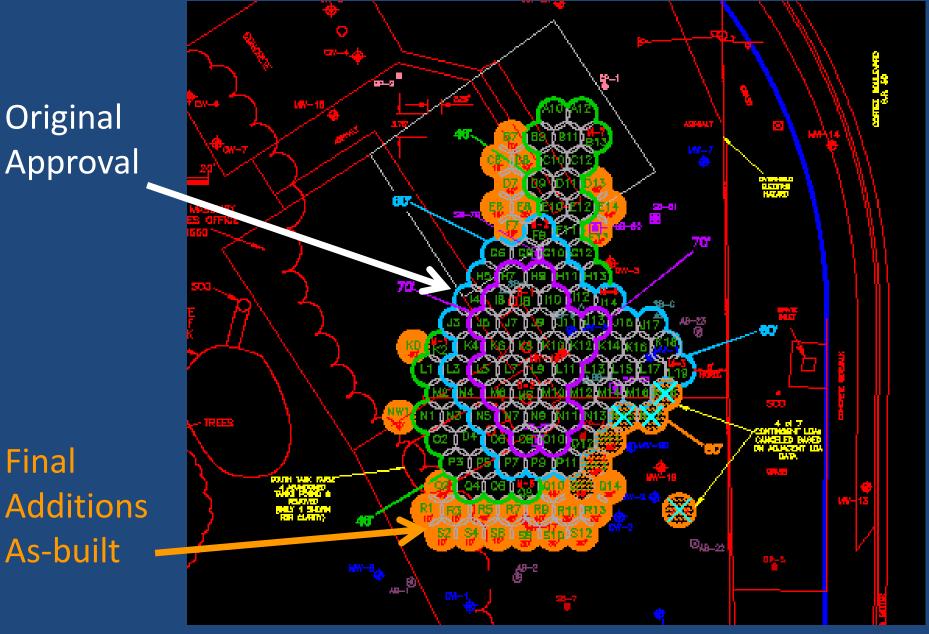
	NORTHWEST OUTER LIMIT											
			CO	CO	CO	CO		CO	CO	CO		
Outer I	_imit:	No	3	4	4	3	No	3	4	4	Yes	
SAMPLE	E-W ?	West	West	West	West	West	West	West	West	West	West	
DEPTH	N - S ?	North	North	North	North	North	North	North	North	North	North	
	LDA											
(feet)	#	C-10	C-8	B-7	C-6	D-7	E-10	E-8	E-6	F-7	F- 9	
5		2	2,860	206	2,011	23	19,802	18,950	28	19	61	
10		2	226	34	121	23	3,856	4,187	19	19	351	
15		7	83			19	8,506	518	22	18	114	
20		5	32		managed to	24	3,377	266			149	
25		7	28		get west wall	18	5,274	846			271	
30		10	28		sample:	16	737	74			42	
35		6	39		38 ppm,	26	100	24			44	
40		7	24		so good.	26	46				37	
45		13					30				38	
50											5	
55					some data						3	
60					pending						37	
65												
70											Sı	ubtotal
Recom	Recommended DEPTH				10				30	15		65

Results / Reporting

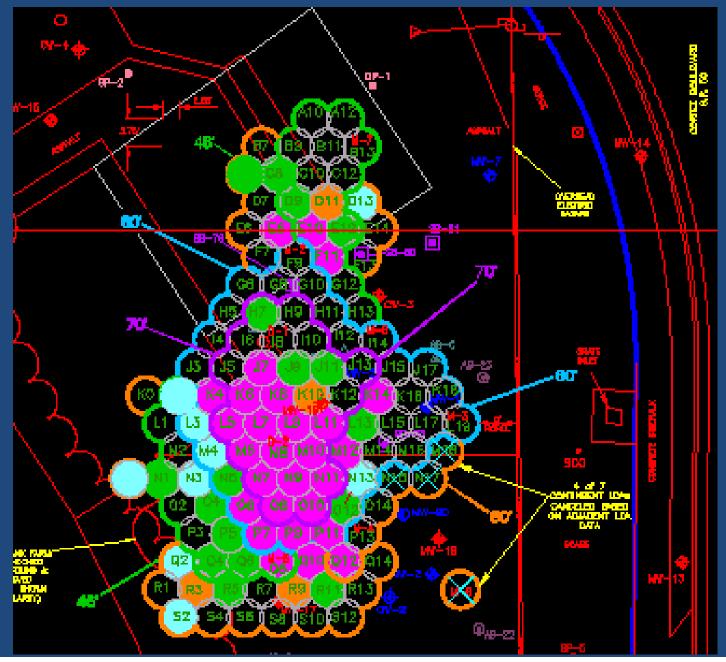
Completed Extent

Original Approval

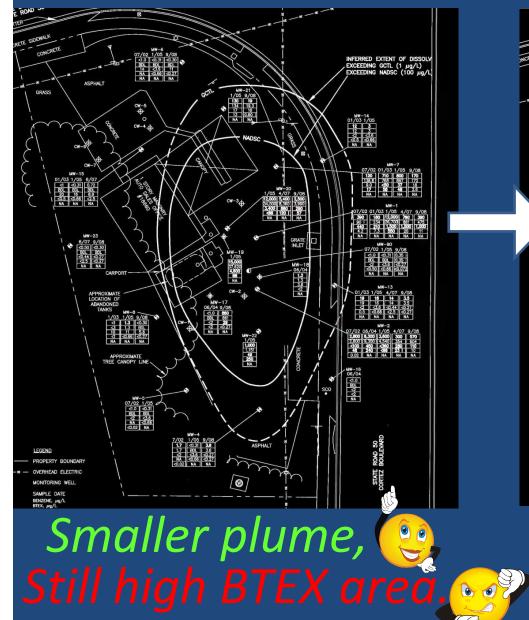
Final

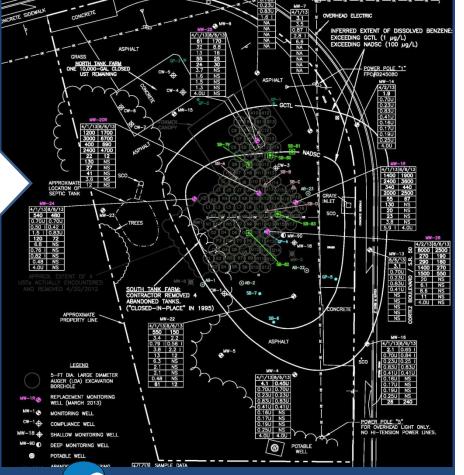


Vapor Data Summary Map



Pre-Dig vs. Post-Dig GW





Downhole Treatments

Cleanup by 70-foot-deep LDA Vertical Excavation:

Design, Methods, and Safety, plus Vapor Ignition Control, Contaminant Monitoring, and Fast-tracked Data Evaluation for Dig Limit Refinements

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