ISBRs for Effective Bioremediation of Chlorinated Hydrocarbons in Deep Aquifers

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# Sustained Anaerobic Bio-Augmentation via Bio-Reactors

Bio-Trap<sup>®</sup> Sampler with Bio-Sep<sup>®</sup> Beads





# Sustained Anaerobic Bio-Augmentation via Bio-Reactors?



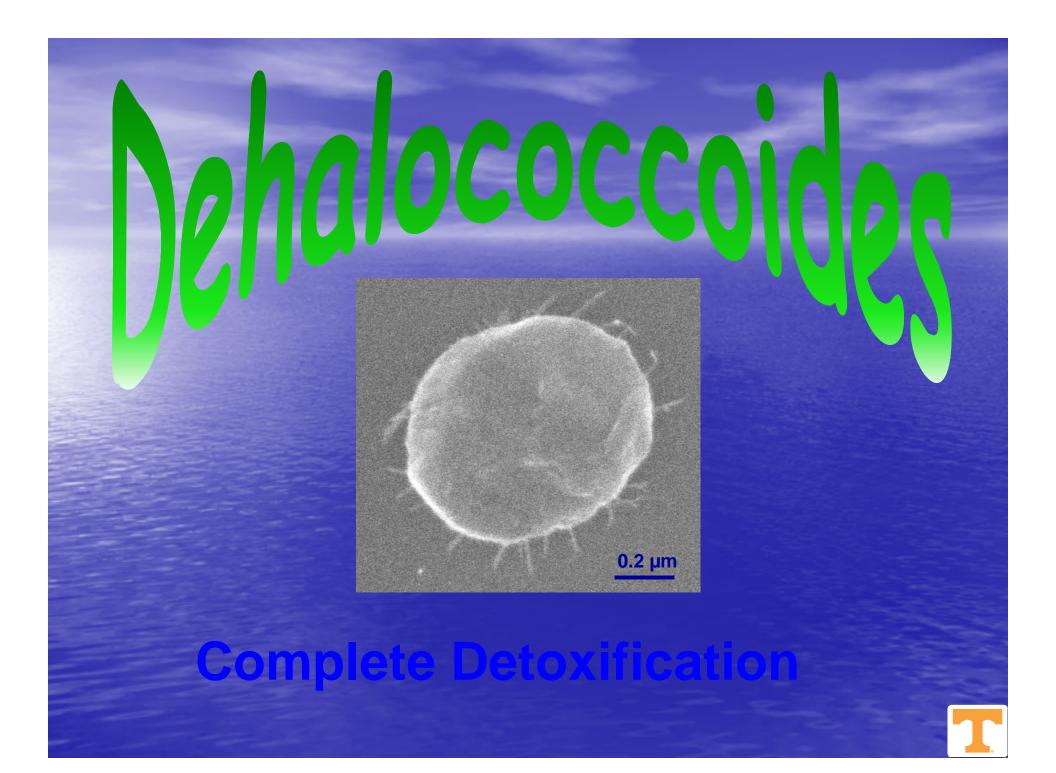




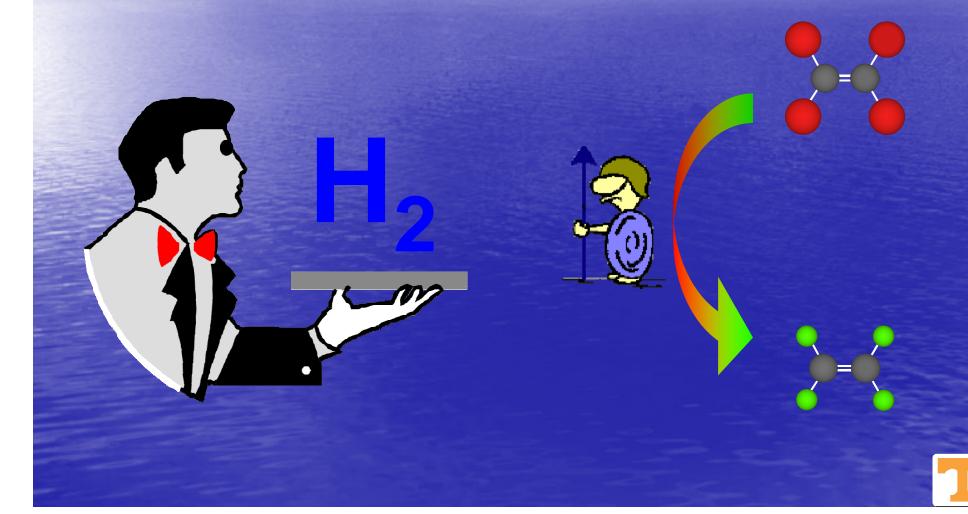
#### What is the problem? PCE TCE cis-DCE VC ETH . ]O'0) <u>}</u>0'0] <mark>َ0 ِ0</mark> ِ Under reducing conditions, a X variety of microorganisms "DCE-stall" reductively dechlorinate PCE to TCE or dichloroethenes (DCEs) Stole from Kirsti M. Ritalahti **UNIVERSITY of TENNESSEE** $\mathbf{x}$

# For sustained bio-augmentation

Fermentation
 Matrix
 Contamination



# Encouragement



# Implementation



# Treatment

Bioaugmentation

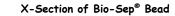


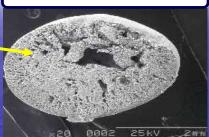
#### In the beginning....

Bio-Trap<sup>®</sup> Sampler with Bio-Sep<sup>®</sup> Beads

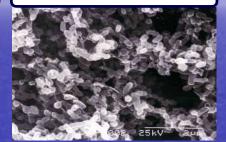


- Nomex and PAC



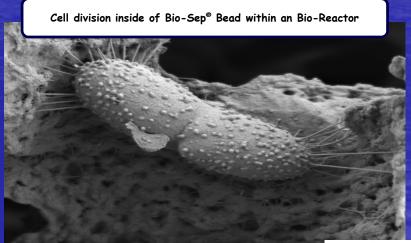


Interior of Bio-Sep® Bead



#### The Bio-Trap® Sampler:

Rapidly colonized by indigenous bacteria forming active biofilms
Thousands used worldwide for over a decade for forensic analysis of groundwater microbiology

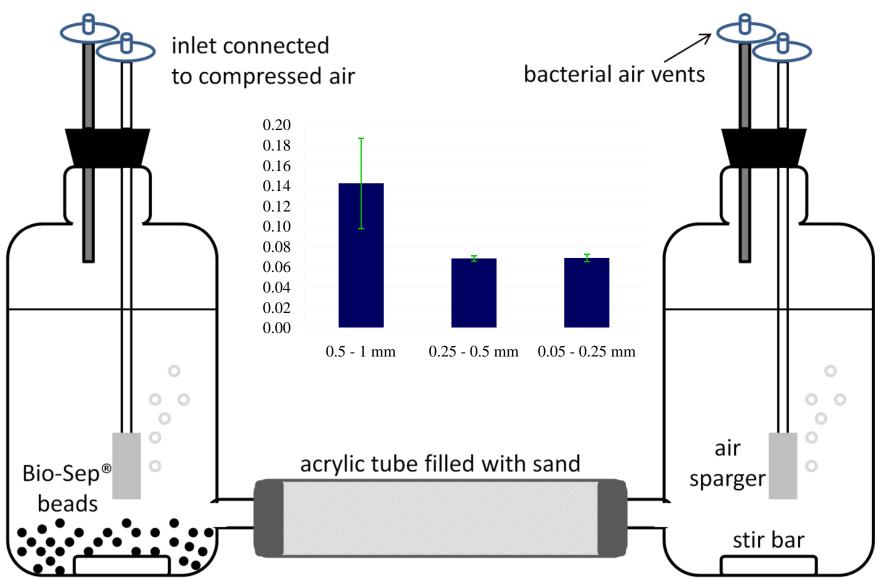


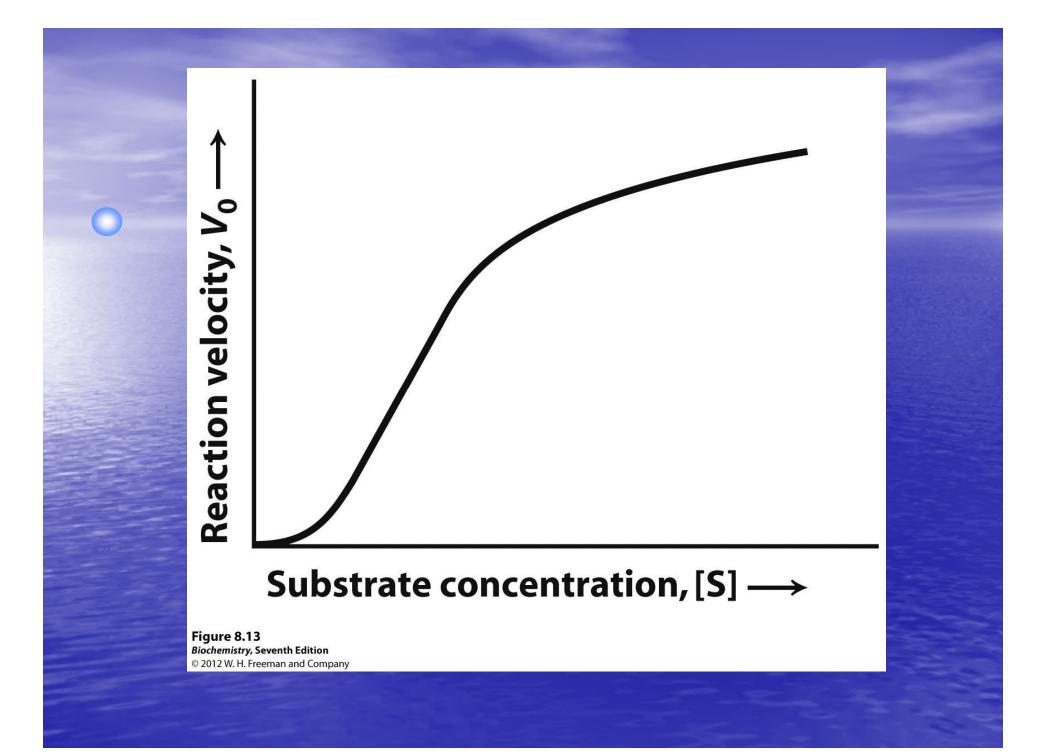
12C-Toluol, Innenseite, 09.05.07, 1,0kV, 5mm, 15000x



#### Microbial Release and Transport Study

outlet



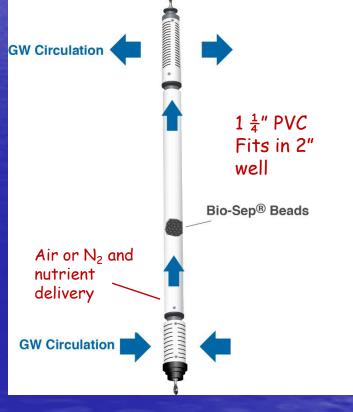


### The Bio-Sep *In Situ* Bioreactor (ISBR)

- Enhancement of *in situ* bioremediation in groundwater with compact bioreactor installed in-well
  - Overcomes common limitations of bioremediation of groundwater
    - Low contaminant concentrations
      - A threshold concentration of substrate is required for growth
      - Substrate inhibition
        - At high concentrations some biodegradable contaminants can be toxic to the organisms that have the ability to degrade them

## The Bio-Enhance ISBR

- Bio-Sep beads provide an incredible surface area for microbial growth
- Gas sparging (air or N<sub>2</sub>) creates an airlift for circulation of groundwater through the bioreactor.
  - Contaminated groundwater is treated as it moves through the column of Bio-Sep beads
- Nutrient addition (N, P, electron donors, electron acceptors) support growth of desired indigenous microbes
- Water exiting the reactor carries contaminant-degrading microbes into the aquifer





## **Topside control**



Nutrient • reservoirs and pumpsAir pumpAir flow control



## Case Study 1: Low Levels PCE/TCE in glacial till

 Low Permeability Soils
 Fresh Release
 No Reductive Dechlorinating Bacteria Measured

# Thanks for Nothing

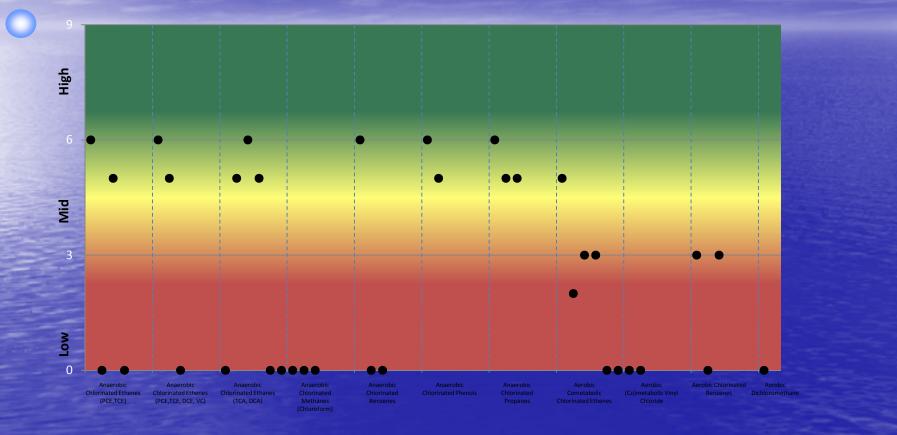


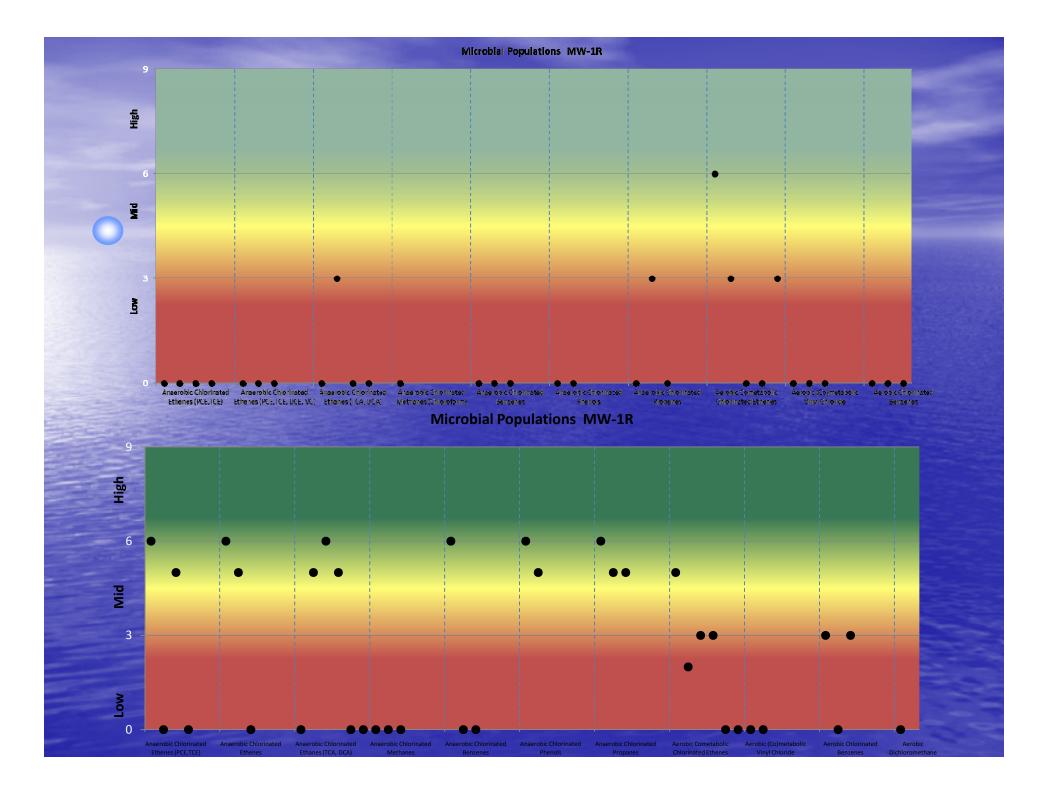
## No Dechlorinating Bacteria Fresh PCE Release

**Microbial Populations MW-1R** High anaerobic Cholinated Anaerobic Chlorinated Anaerobic Chlorinated Anaerobic Cholinated Anaerobic Chlorinated Anaerobic Chlorinated Anaerobic Chlorinated Aerobic Cometabolic Aerobic (Co)metabolic Aerobic Chlorinates Ethenes (PCE,TCE) Ethenes (PCE,TCE, DCE, VC) Ethenes (TCA, DCA) Methanes (Chloroform) Propanes **Chlorinated Ethenes** Vinyl Chloride Benzenes

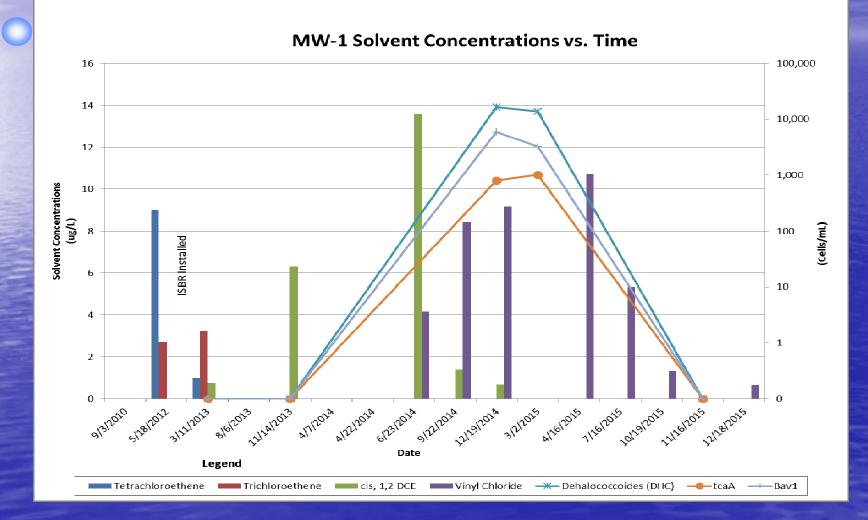
# That's not Nothing!

Microbial Populations MW-1R

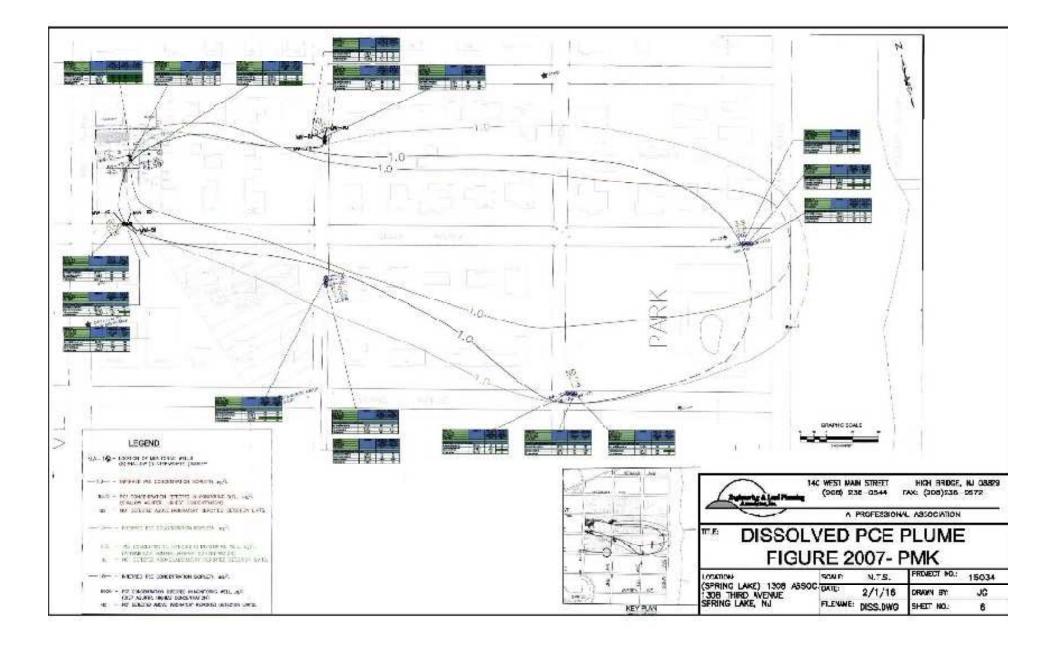


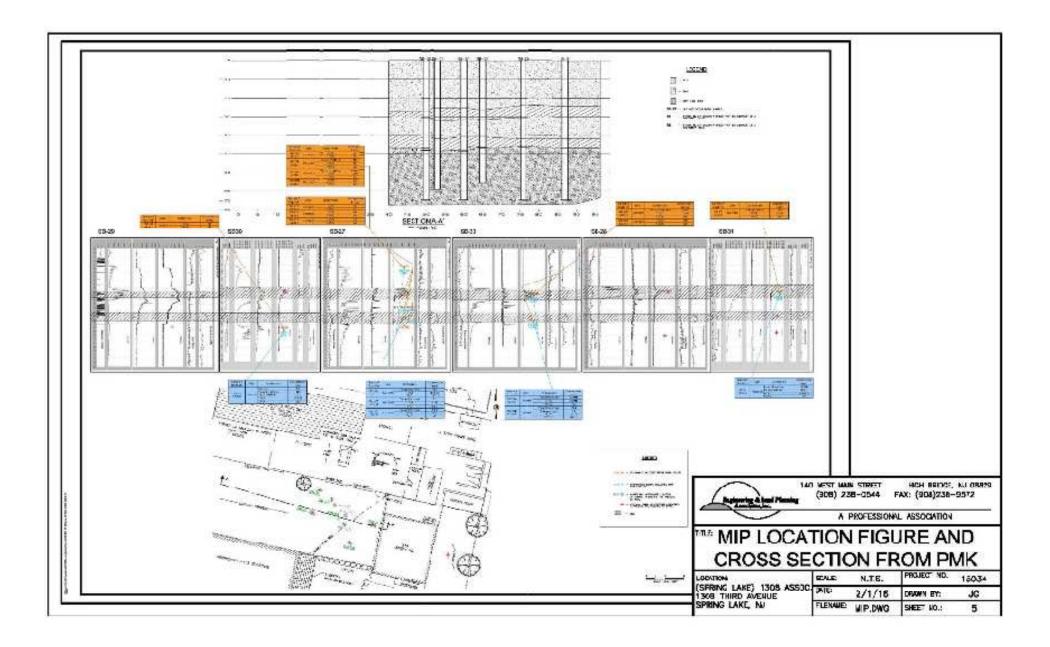


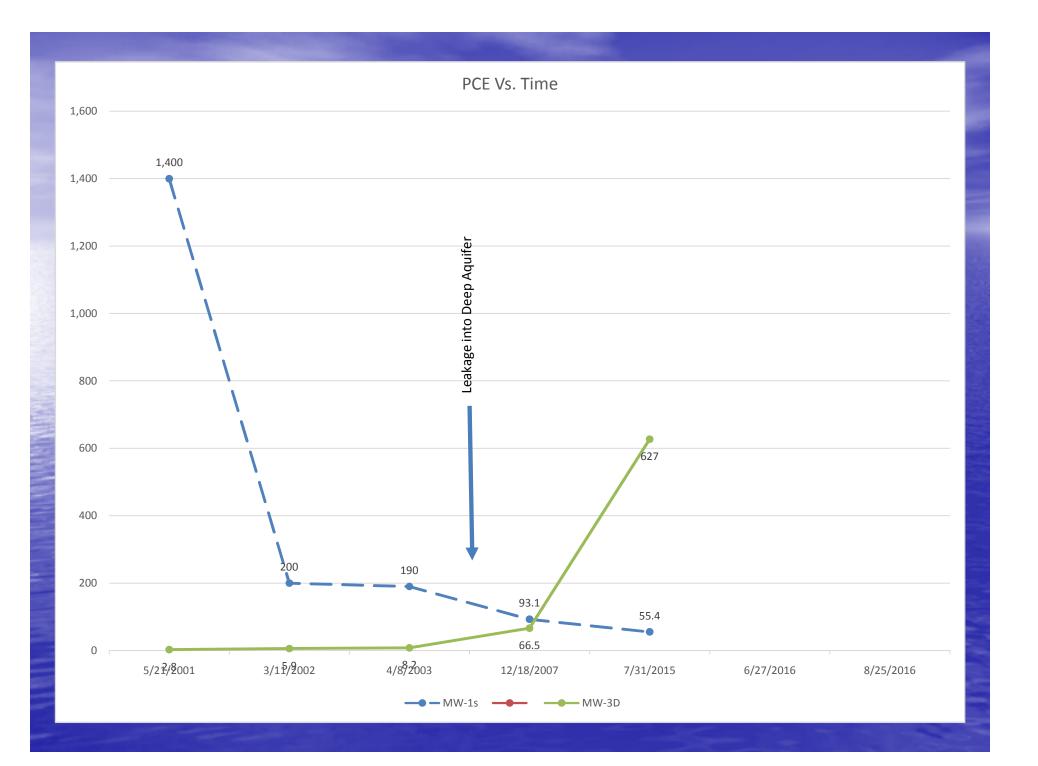
## Thanks for Nothing

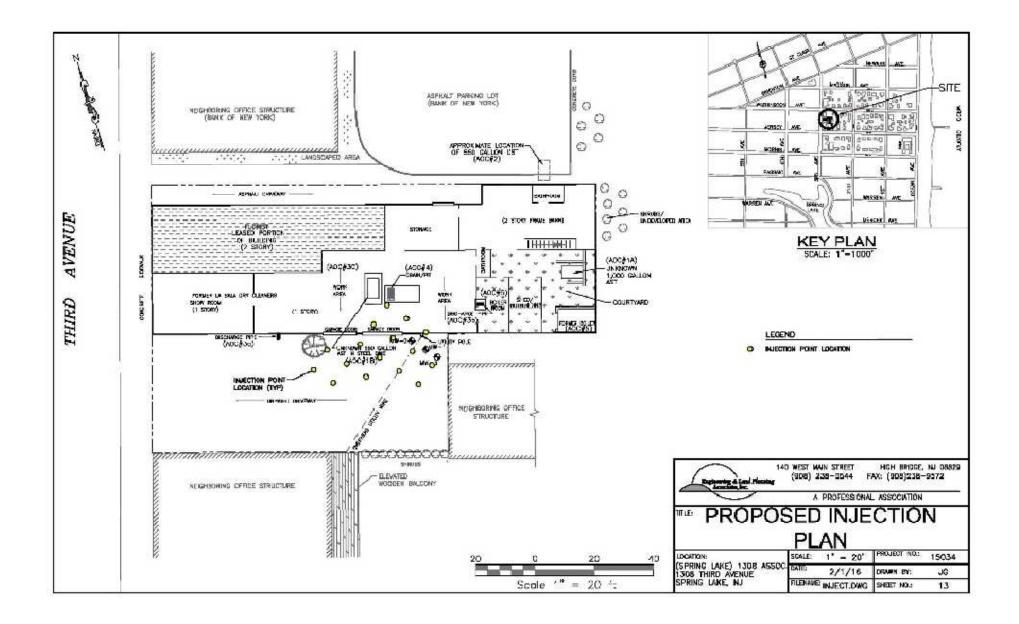


Case Study 2: Multi-Level Deed Sand Aquifer, combined with Plume Stop • Dry Cleaner • Plume Extends 1 Mile Off Site • Confining Layers Leak









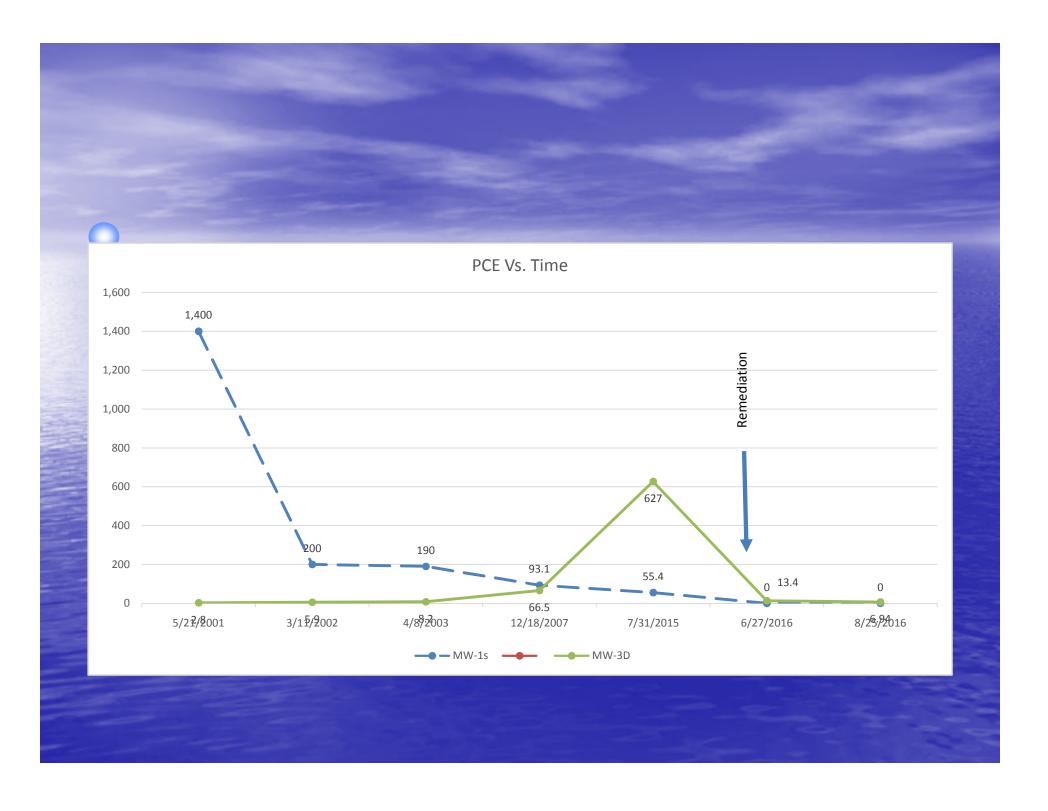
### Treatment Train, Vintage HRC, Plume Stop and ISBR



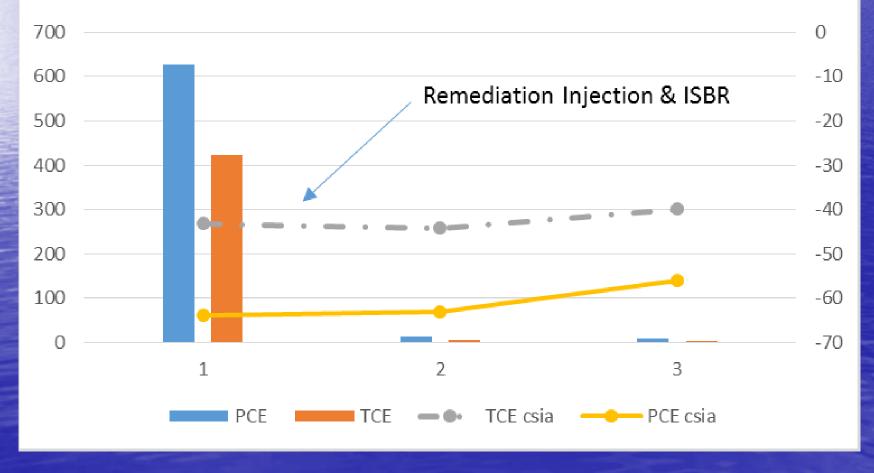




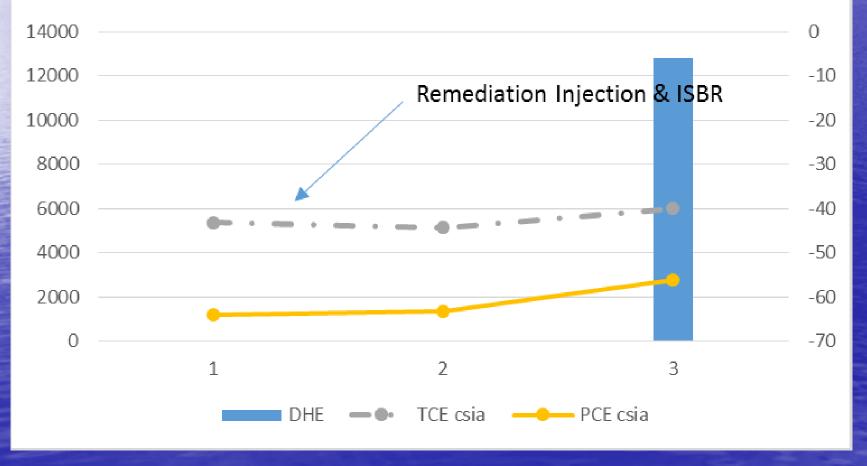




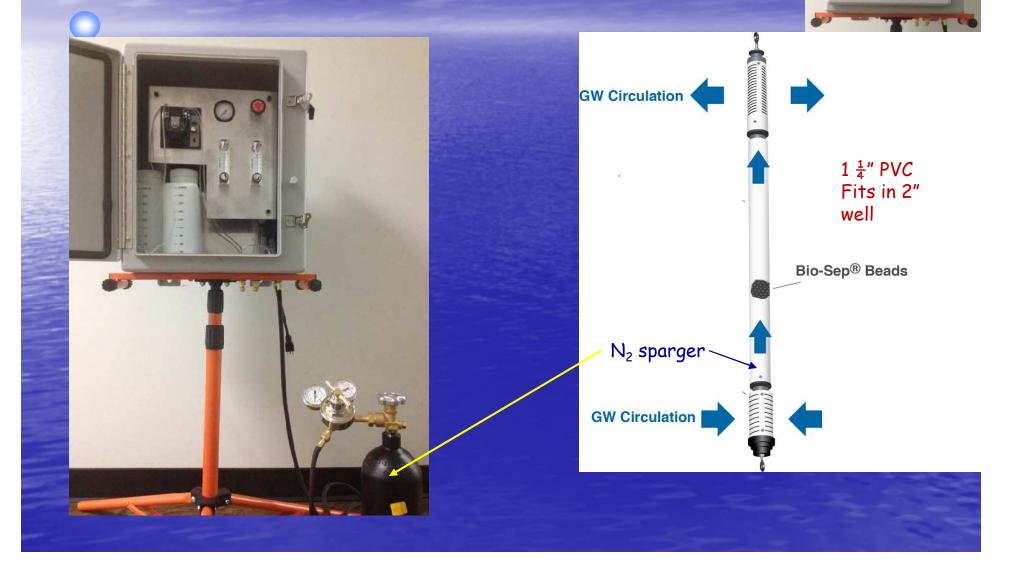
#### Conc. Vs Fractionation



#### DHE Vs Fractionation



## Anaerobic ISBRs, the same but different

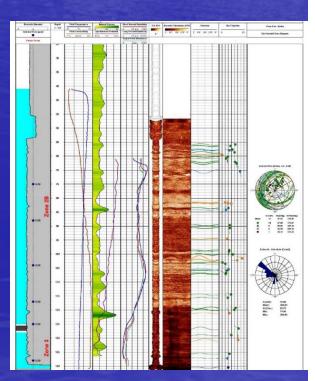


# Case Study 3: Deep Bedrock Aquifer

## Case Study - Anaerobic ISBR

Chlorinated solvent impacted site
Fractured bedrock aquifer
Deep groundwater impacts (140' bgs)
Unfavorable geochemistry

Low but measureable DO
DO increase with rain event



## Case Study - Anaerobic Bioreactor

- ISBR installed at a depth of 30' BGS
- "Liquid carbon" electron donor
- Groundwater monitoring
  - Contaminant concentrations
  - Geochemistry



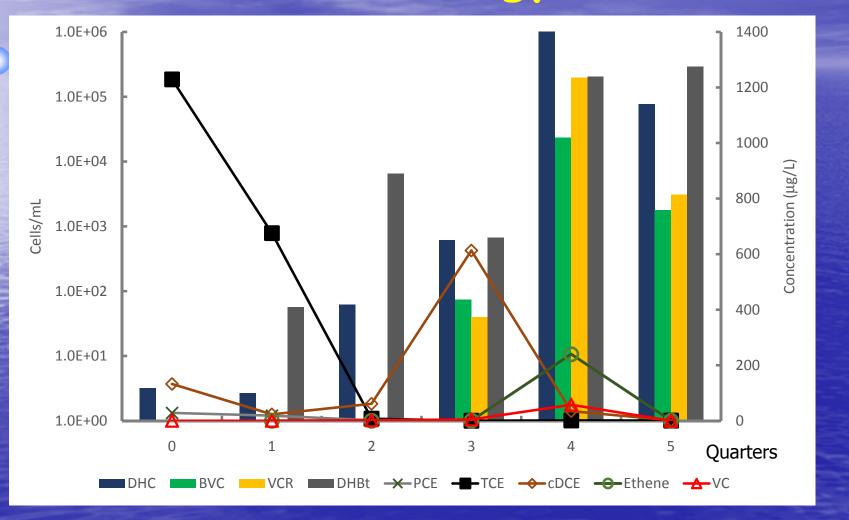
 qPCR for *Dehalococcoides* and functional genes for reductive dechlorination (bio-traps and groundwater)

## **Groundwater Geochemistry**

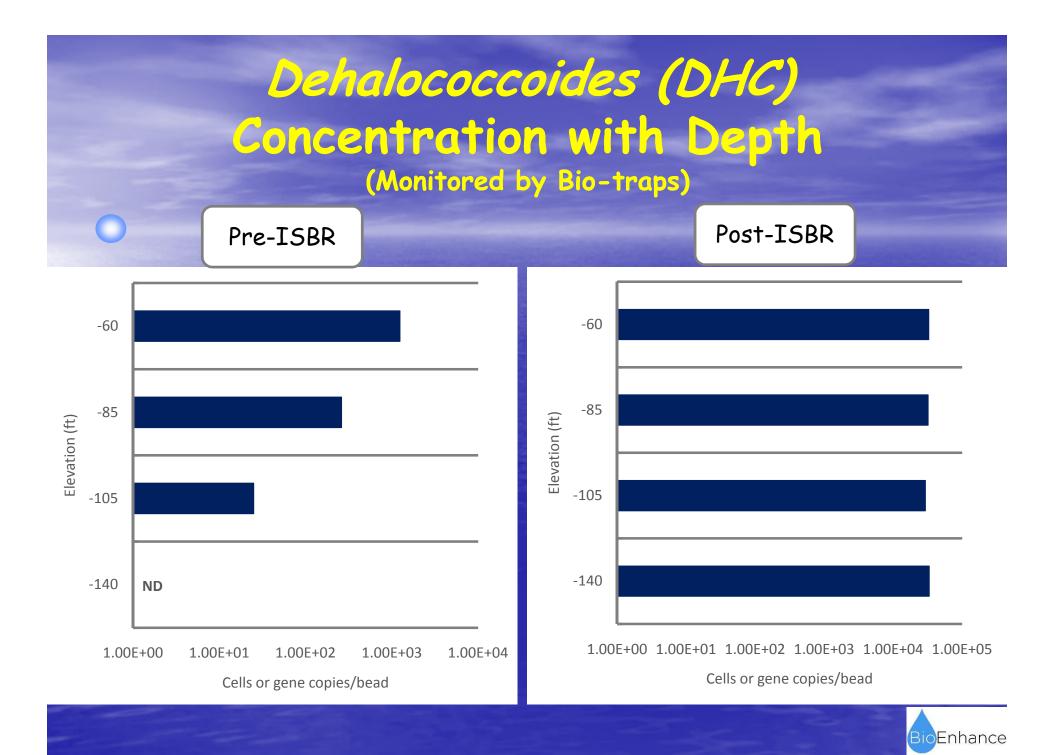




### Groundwater Contaminants & Microbiology



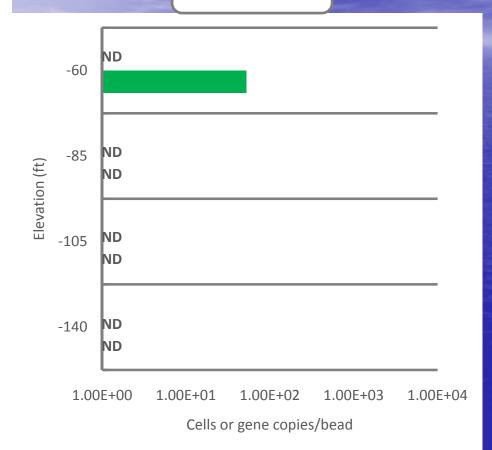


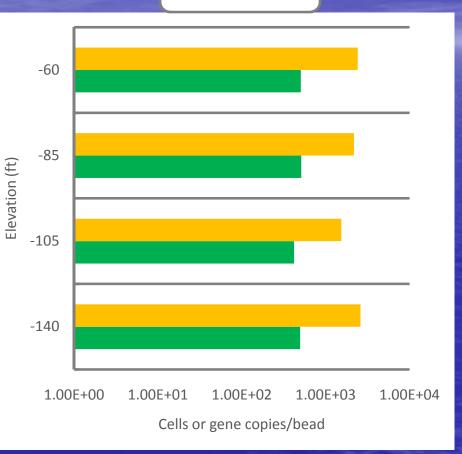


# Vinyl Chloride RDases with Depth

Pre-ISBR

Post-ISBR







### Conclusions

Generation of anaerobic conditions

- Increases in *Dehalococcoides* and functional genes for reductive dechlorination at each depth over time.
  - Sequential reductive dechlorination of PCE to ethene at depth
- ISBR has been moved to another location

### Conclusions

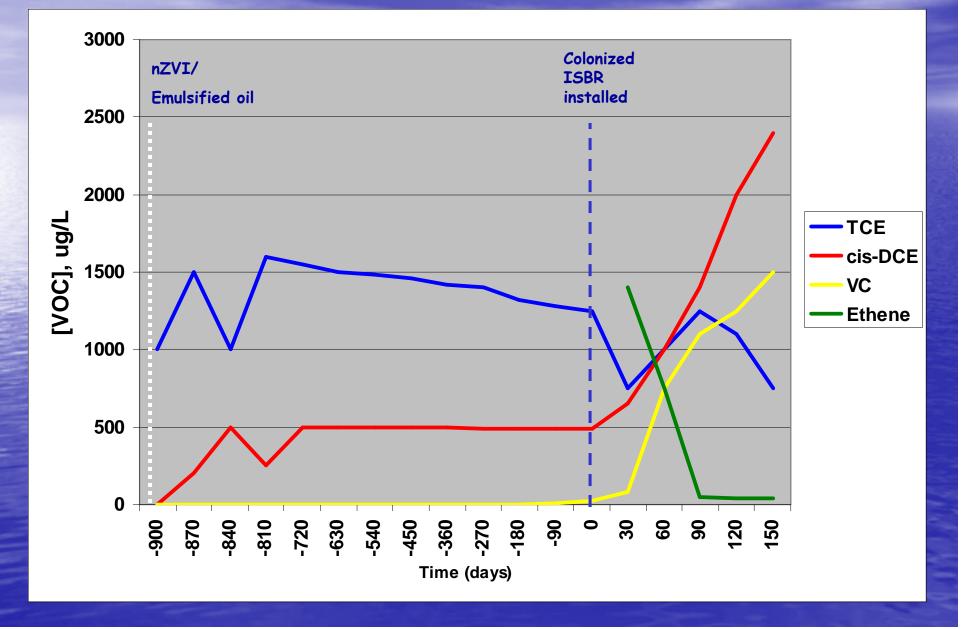
Generation of anaerobic conditions

- Increases in *Dehalococcoides* and vinyl chloride reductase gene copies at each depth over time.
  - Sequential reductive dechlorination of PCE to ethene at depth
- ISBR has been moved to another location
  - Why? To transfer degraders

# ISBRs Will Transfer Degraders from One Well to Another

In situ treatment and colonization of ISBR Inoculation and/or kick start degradation

## Transfer of DHC in a TCE Plume



### When to consider an ISBR

- Inhibitory contaminant concentrations
- Dilute plumes (persistent low levels of contaminants)
- Following ISCO
  - **Difficult situations** 
    - Limited physical access
    - Where one-time amendment injection is not feasible
    - Where bioremediation has failed previously

## **ISBR** Limitations

Aerobic operation limited to low concentrations of reduced iron (fouling)

- Radius of influence decreases with increasing hydraulic conductivity of aquifer matrix
  - Works best with contaminants adsorbed by activated carbon

# ISBR O&M



- System checks every 2-4 weeks
- Power
- Nutrients
- Water level (ISBR must be totally submerged to function)

## **ISBR** Costs

Costs
Life of project rental
\$10,000 for one unit (ISBR and controller)
\$15,000 for two units
Decreasing per unit costs with addition of more units at a given site
Nominal Rental fee beyond 1 year

# BioEnhance

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(ISBRs) for Effective Bioremediation of Chlorinated Hydrocarbons in Deep, Fractured Bedrock Aquifers

Eric J. Raes, P.E., LSRP



# Properties of Bio-Sep<sup>®</sup> Beads Useful for Treatment Applications

- Adsorptive surface
  - Concentrates contaminants present at low concentrations
  - Reduces aqueous phase concentrations at high contaminant concentrations
  - High porosity and surface area
    - Rapidly colonized by indigenous microbes
    - Release microbes into the aquifer once carrying capacity of the beads is reached



